SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

Quarterly Report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2002 Commission file number 0-18761

Delaware 39-1679918 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization Identification No.)

1010 Railroad Street Corona, California 92882 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (909) 739 - 6200

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

The registrant had 10,053,003 shares of common stock outstanding as of July 31, 2002

HANSEN NATURAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES June 30, 2002

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	June 30, 2002		D	December 31, 2001	
ASSETS	(Unaudited)			
ASSE15					
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts, sales returns and cash discounts of \$734,069 in 2002 and \$625,270 in 2001 and promotional allowances	\$	160,626	\$	247,657	
of \$4,086,200 in 2002 and \$2,981,556 in 2001) Inventories, net Prepaid expenses and other current assets Deferred income tax asset		7,699,875 11,399,953 1,475,985 949,176		4,412,422 11,956,680 974,155 949,176	
Total current assets		21,685,615		18,540,090	
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net		1,915,103		1,945,146	
INTANGIBLE AND OTHER ASSETS: Trademark licenses and trademarks (net of accumulated amortization of \$55,448 in 2002 and \$29,772 in 2001) Deposits and other assets		17,352,212 497,404		725,825	
Total intangible and other assets		17,849,616		18,076,046	
	\$ =====	41,450,334	\$	38,561,282	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued compensation Current portion of long-term debt	\$	6,687,509 780,716 194,800 326,676			
Total current liabilities		7,989,701		5,562,350	
LONG-TERM DEBT, less current portion		4,623,078		5,851,105	
DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITY		1,814,278		1,814,278	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY: Common stock - \$.005 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 10,259,764 shares issued, 10,053,003 outstanding in 2002; 10,251,764 shares issued, 10,045,003 outstanding in 2001. Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Common stock in treasury; at cost - 206,761 shares in 2002 and 2001 respectively		51,299 11,934,564 15,851,959 (814,545)		51,259 11,926,604 14,170,231 (814,545)	
Total shareholders' equity		27,023,277		25,333,549	
	\$	41,450,334			

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2002	 2001	 2002		2001
GROSS SALES	\$	32,666,950	\$ 27,612,923	\$ 55,173,560	\$	47,935,085
LESS: Discounts, allowances and promotional payments		(6,402,162)	 (5,099,462)	 (10,316,378)		(8,513,510)
NET SALES		26, 264, 788	22,513,461	44,857,182		39,421,575
COST OF SALES		16,430,951	 14,124,735	 28,213,264		24,732,603
GROSS PROFIT		9,833,837	8,388,726	16,643,918		14,688,972
OPERATING EXPENSES: Selling, general and administrative Amortization of trademark licenses		7,628,446	6,287,436	13,660,310		11,720,363
and trademarks		12,896	 125,969	 25,672		249,201
Total operating expenses		7,641,342	 6,413,405	 13,685,982		11,969,564
OPERATING INCOME		2,192,495	1,975,321	2,957,936		2,719,408
NONOPERATING EXPENSE (INCOME) Interest and financing expense Interest income		56,970 (759)	135,347 (5,898)	132,327 (824)		338,303 (7,182)
Net nonoperating expense		56,211	 129,449	 131,503		331, 121
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		2,136,284	1,845,872	2,826,433		2,388,287
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		865,201	 738,347	 1,144,705		955,314
NET INCOME	\$ ====	1,271,083	1,107,525	1,681,728	\$ ====	1,432,973
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE: Basic	\$	0.13	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.17	\$	0.14
Diluted	\$	0.12	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.16	\$	0.14
NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES USED IN PER SHARE COMPUTATIONS: Basic		10,053,003	 10,045,003	 10,051,948		10,027,479
Diluted		10,337,861 =======	10,292,316 =======	10,338,797		10,298,630

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 AND 2001 (Unaudited)

	2	002		2001
CACH FLOWC FROM ORFRATING ACTIVITIES.				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income	\$ 1	,681,728	\$	1,432,973
Adjustments to reconcile net income to	Ψ ±	,001,720	Ψ	1,402,010
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Amortization of trademark licenses and trademarks		25,672		249,201
Depreciation and other amortization		237,609		207,136
Gain on disposal of fixed assets		20.,000		(11,410)
Effect on cash of changes in operating assets and liabilities:				(, :,
Accounts receivable	(3	, 287, 453)		(1,217,967)
Inventories	(-	556,727		958,453
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(215, 189)		18,112
Accounts payable	2	,767,768		2,875,565
Accrued liabilities	_	(91,125)		88,976
Accrued compensation		(238,096)		(105, 260)
Income taxes				(540,753)
2.00.00 (4.700				(540,753)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1	,151,000		3,955,026
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of property and equipment		(207,566)		(290,743)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		(==:,===,		22,752
Increase in trademark license and trademarks		(27,663)		(98, 402)
Decrease (increase) in deposits and other assets		228,421		(76,847)
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,808)		(443,240)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1	, 239, 223)		(3,267,336)
Issuance of common stock	•	8,000		28,621
Net cash used in financing activities	(1	, 231, 223)		(3,238,715)
NET (DECDEASE) INCREASE IN CASH		(97 021)		272 071
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH		(87,031) 247,657		273,071 130,665
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of the period		247,057		130,005
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of the period	\$	160,626	\$	403,736
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION Cash paid during the period for:				
Interest	\$ ======	137,246		373,557 =======
Income taxes		,431,346	\$	1,496,067
		=======	=====	=======================================

NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:

During the six month period ended June 30, 2001, the Company assumed long-term debt of \$750,000 and accrued liabilities of \$196,677 in connection with the acquisition of the Junior Juice trademark.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 (Unaudited) AND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Reference is made to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001, which is incorporated by reference, for a summary of significant policies utilized by Hansen Natural Corporation ("Hansen" or "Company") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Hansen Beverage Company ("HBC") and Hard e Beverage Company ("HEB"). Additionally, the Company's reporting on Form 10-Q does not include all the information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. HBC owns all of the issued and outstanding common stock of Blue Sky Natural Beverage Co. and Hansen Junior Juice Company. The information set forth in these interim consolidated financial statements for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 is unaudited and may be subject to normal year-end adjustments. The information contained in these interim condensed, consolidated financial statements reflects all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments, which in the opinion of management are necessary to make the interim consolidated financial statements not misleading. Results of operations covered by this report may not necessarily be indicative of results of operations for the full year.

2. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

During 2000 and 2001, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") addressed various issues related to the income statement classification of certain promotional payments, including consideration from a vendor to a reseller or another party that purchases the vendor's products. EITF No. 01-9, "Accounting for Consideration Given by a Vendor to a Customer or Reseller of the Vendor's Products", was issued in November 2001 and codified earlier pronouncements. The consensus requires certain sales promotions and customer allowances previously classified as selling, general and administrative expenses to be classified as a reduction of net sales or as cost of goods sold. The Company adopted EITF No. 01-9 on January 1, 2002. The effect of the change in accounting related to the adoption of EITF No. 01-9 for the three-months ended June 30, 2002 was to decrease net sales by \$3,767,989, increase cost of goods sold by \$19,251 and decrease selling, general and administrative expenses by \$3,787,240. For the six-months ended June 30, 2002 net sales decreased by \$5,958,014, cost of goods sold increased by \$71,848 and selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by \$6,029,862. For the three-months ended June 30, 2001, \$3,291,007 has been classified as a reduction of net sales and \$86,457 as an increase in cost of goods sold and for the six-months ended June 30, 2001, \$5,062,292 has been classified as a reduction of net sales and \$175,854 as an increase in cost of goods sold, all of which were previously reported as selling, general and administrative expense respectively.

Effective July 1, 2001, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." This statement discontinued the amortization of goodwill and

indefinite-lived intangible assets, subject to periodic impairment testing. Upon adoption of SFAS No. 142, the Company evaluated the useful lives of its various trademark licenses and trademarks and concluded that certain of the trademark licenses and trademarks have indefinite lives. Unamortized trademark licenses and trademarks ceased to be amortized effective January 1, 2002 and will be subject to periodic impairment analysis. The effect of the change in accounting during the six-months ended June 30, 2002 was to increase net income by \$134,253, or \$0.01 per basic and diluted share.

	Fo	or the six June	-months e 30,	ended	
	2	2002		2001	
Net income, as reported Add back: Amortization of trademark licenses		\$1,681,728		\$1,432,973	
and trademarks (net of tax effect)	-		146,578		
Adjusted net income	\$1,6 =====	881,728 ======	\$1,5 =====	579,551 ======	
Net income per common share - basic, as reported Amortization of trademark licenses and	\$	0.17	\$	0.14	
trademarks (net of tax effect)		-		0.01	
Adjusted net income per common share - basic	\$ =====	0.17	\$ =====	0.15	
Net income per common share - diluted, as reported Amortization of trademark licenses and	\$	0.16	\$	0.14	
trademarks (net of tax effect)		-		0.01	
Adjusted net income per common share - diluted	\$	0.16	\$	0.15	

On January 1, 2002, the trademark licenses and trademarks were tested for impairment in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 142. Fair values were estimated based on the Company's best estimate of the expected present value of future cash flows. No amounts were impaired at that time. In addition, the remaining useful lives of trademark licenses and trademarks being amortized were reviewed and deemed to be appropriate. The following provides additional information concerning the Company's trademark licenses and trademarks as of June 30, 2002:

Amortizing trademark licenses and trademarks Accumulated amortization	\$ 1,125,180 (55,444)
Non-amortizing trademark licenses and trademarks	1,069,736 16,282,476
	\$ 17,352,212 =========

All amortizing trademark licenses and trademarks have been assigned an estimated finite useful life, and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the number of years that approximate their respective useful lives ranging from 1 to 40 years. The straight-line method of amortization allocates the cost of the trademark licenses and trademarks to earnings in proportion to the amount of economic benefits obtained by the Company in that report period. Total amortization expense during the six-month period ended June 30, 2002 was

\$25,672. As of June 30, 2002, future estimated amortization expense related to amortizing trademark licenses and trademarks through the year ended December 31, 2007 is:

2002 - Remainder	\$ 25,975
2003	41,147
2004	37,922
2005	37,922
2006	37,826
2007	32,791

Effective January 1, 2002, the Company also adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations", and SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", respectively. The initial adoption of these Statements did not have a material impact on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") recently issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations", which addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. SFAS No. 143 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial condition and results of operations.

In July 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities", which addresses financial accounting and reporting for costs associated with exit or disposal activities and supersedes EITF No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring.)" The Company will adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 146 for exit or disposal activities that are initiated after December 31, 2002.

INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following at:

	June 30, 2002 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2001
Raw materials Finished goods	\$ 4,907,943 7,138,449	\$ 4,742,102 7,615,345
Less inventory reserves	12,046,392 (646,439)	12,357,447 (400,767)
	\$ 11,399,953 =========	\$ 11,956,680 =======

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Company's historical consolidated financial statements and notes thereto.

General

The increase in gross sales during the second quarter of 2002 was primarily attributable to sales of E20 Energy WaterTM, which was introduced in June 2001, EnergadeTM energy sports drink, which was introduced in July 2001, soy smoothies which were introduced in December 2001 and the Company's new MonsterTM energy drink which was introduced in April 2002. The Company also benefited from an increase in sales of Natural Sodas in cans, energy drinks in 8.3-ounce cans, apple juice and children's multi-vitamin drinks including Junior Juice products. The increase in sales was partially offset by decreased sales of smoothies, Signature Sodas, Hard e and teas, lemonades and juice cocktails.

Gross profit for the three-months ended June 30, 2002, as a percentage of net sales, was 37.4%, which was marginally higher than the 37.3% in the three-months ended June 30, 2001. Gross profit for the six-months ended June 30, 2002, as a percentage of net sales, decreased to 37.1% from 37.3% as compared to the six-months ended June 30, 2001. The change in gross profit was primarily due to a change in the Company's product and customer mix.

The Company continues to incur expenditures in connection with the development and introduction of new products and flavors.

Results of Operations for the Three-months Ended June 30, 2002 Compared to the Three-months Ended June 30, 2001

Gross Sales. For the three-months ended June 30, 2002, gross sales were \$32.7 million, an increase of \$5.1 million or 18.3% higher than the \$27.6 million gross sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in gross sales during the second quarter of 2002 was primarily attributable to sales of E20 Energy WaterTM, which was introduced in June 2001, EnergadeTM energy sports drink, which was introduced in July 2001, soy smoothies which were introduced in December 2001 and the Company's new MonsterTM energy drink which was introduced in April 2002. The Company also benefited from an increase in sales of Natural Sodas in cans, energy drinks in 8.3-ounce cans, apple juice and children's multi-vitamin drinks including Junior Juice products. The increase in sales was partially offset by decreased sales of smoothies, Signature Sodas, Hard e and teas, lemonades and juice cocktails.

Net Sales. For the three-months ended June 30, 2002, net sales were \$26.3 million, an increase of \$3.8 million or 16.7% higher than the \$22.5 million net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in net sales was primarily attributable to the increase in gross sales of \$5.1 million which was partially offset by increased discounts, allowances and promotional payments and coupon promotions. However, expenditures for slotting fees were lower.

Gross Profit. Gross profit was \$9.8 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$1.4 million or 17.2% higher than the gross profit for the three-months ended June 30, 2001 of \$8.4 million. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales, increased to 37.4% for the three-months ended June 30, 2002 from 37.3% for the three-months ended June 30, 2001 and increased from 36.6% for the quarter ended March 31, 2002. The increase in gross profit and gross profit as a percentage of net sales was primarily attributable to an increase in net sales and a change in the Company's product and customer mix.

Total Operating Expenses. Total operating expenses were \$7.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$1.2 million or 19.1% higher than total operating expenses of \$6.4 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2001. Total operating expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 29.1% for the three-months ended June 30, 2002 as compared to 28.5% for the three-months ended June 30, 2002 as compared to 28.5% for the three-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in total operating expenses was primarily attributable to increased selling, general and administrative expenses which was partially offset by decreased amortization of trademark licenses and trademarks due to the adoption of SFAS No. 142 in the first quarter of 2002 (Note 2 of financial statements). In 2002, the Company adopted SFAS No. 142 which eliminated amortization on indefinite-lived intangible assets. Amortization of trademark licenses and trademarks for the three-months ended June 30, 2002 was \$13,000, a decrease of \$113,000 from amortization of \$126,000 for the three-months ended June 30, 2001.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$7.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$1.3 million or 21.3% higher than selling, general and administrative expenses of \$6.3 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in selling expenses was primarily attributable to an increase in spending for discounts, allowances and promotional payments as well as increased distribution and graphic design expense and increased expenditures for merchandise displays and point-of-sale materials. The increase in selling expenses was partially offset primarily by a decrease in expenditures for in-store demonstrations. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily attributable to increased payroll expenses primarily for sales, sales support and administrative activities, insurance and bad debts although payroll expenses decreased as a percentage of net sales.

Operating Income. Operating income was \$2.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$217,000 or 11.0% higher than operating income of \$2.0 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2001. Operating income as a percentage of net sales decreased to 8.3% for the three-months ended June 30, 2002 from 8.8% for the three-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in operating income was attributable to the increase in gross profit which was partially offset by the increase in operating expenses whereas the decrease in operating income as a percentage of net sales was attributable to higher operating expenses as a percentage of net sales as compared to last year.

Net Nonoperating Expense. Net nonoperating expense was \$56,000 for the three-months ended June 30, 2002, a decrease of \$73,000 over net non-operating expense of \$129,000 for the three-months ended June 30, 2001. The decrease in net non-operating expense was primarily attributable to decreased interest expense incurred on the Company's borrowings, which was primarily attributable to the decrease in outstanding loan balances and lower interest rates on the Company's borrowings.

Provision for Income Taxes. Provision for income taxes for the three-months ended June 30, 2002 was \$865,000 as compared to provision for income taxes of \$738,000 for the comparable period in 2001. The \$127,000 increase in provision for income taxes was primarily attributable to the increase in operating income and a decrease in non-operating expense.

Net Income. Net income was \$1.3 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$164,000 or 14.8% higher than net income of \$1.1 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in net income was attributable to the increase in gross profit of \$1.4 million and decrease in nonoperating expense of \$73,000 which was partially offset by the increase in operating expenses of \$1.2 million.

Results of Operations For the Six-months Ended June 30, 2002 Compared to the Six-months Ended June 30, 2001

Gross Sales. For the six-months ended June 30, 2002, gross sales were \$55.2 million, an increase of \$7.2 million or 15.1% over the \$47.9 million gross sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in gross sales was primarily attributable to gross sales of EnergadeTM energy sports drink, which was introduced in July 2001, E20 Energy WaterTM, which was introduced in June 2001 and Junior Juice 100% juices, which business was acquired in May 2001. The increase in gross sales was also attributable to an increase in gross sales of Natural Sodas in cans, apple juice and children's multi-vitamin juice drinks. The increase was attributable to a lesser extent to sales of soy smoothies, which were introduced in December 2001, MonsterTM energy drink, which was introduced in April 2002 and increased sales of energy drinks in 8.3-ounce cans. The increase in gross sales was partially offset by primarily decreased sales of smoothies, Signature Sodas and Hard e.

Net Sales. For the six-months ended June 30, 2002, net sales were \$44.9 million, an increase of \$5.4 million or 13.8% higher than net sales of \$39.4 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in net sales was primarily related to the increase in gross sales which was partially offset by increased discounts, allowances and promotional payments and coupon promotions. However, expenditures for slotting fees were lower.

Gross Profit. Gross profit was \$16.6 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$1.9 million or 13.3% over the \$14.7 million gross profit for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales decreased to 37.1% for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 from 37.3% for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in gross profit was primarily attributable to increased net sales. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of net sales was primarily attributable to slightly lower margins achieved as a result of a change in the Company's product mix.

Total Operating Expenses. Total operating expenses were \$13.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$1.7 million or 14.3% over total operating expenses of \$12.0 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. Total operating expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 30.5% for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 from 30.4% for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in total operating expenses and operating expenses as a percentage of net sales was primarily attributable to increased selling, general and administrative expenses which was partially offset by decreased amortization of trademark licenses and trademarks due to the adoption of SFAS No. 142 in the first quarter of 2002 (Note 2 of financial statements). In 2002, the Company adopted SFAS No. 142 which eliminated amortization on indefinite-lived intangible assets. Amortization of trademark licenses and trademarks for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 was \$26,000, a decrease of \$223,000 from amortization of \$249,000 for the six-months ended June 30, 2001.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$13.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$2.0 million or 16.6% over selling, general and administrative expenses of \$11.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 30.5% for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 as compared to 29.7% for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in selling expenses and selling expenses as a percentage of net sales was primarily attributable to an increase in spending for discounts, allowances and promotional payments as well as increased distribution and graphic design expense and expenditures for point of sale materials and merchandise displays. The increase in selling expenses was partially offset by decreased expenditures for in-store demonstrations. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily attributable to increased payroll expenses primarily for sales, sales support and administrative activities, insurance, bad debts and other operating expenses.

Operating Income. Operating income was \$3.0 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$239,000 or 8.8% higher than operating income of \$2.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. Operating income as a percentage of net sales decreased to 6.6% for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 from 6.9% in the comparable period in 2001. The increase in operating income was primarily attributable to the increase in gross profit and the decrease in amortization of trademark licenses and trademarks which was partially offset by the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses. The decrease in operating income as a percentage of net sales was primarily due to an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales and a decrease in gross profit as a percentage of net sales.

Net Nonoperating Expense. Net nonoperating expense was \$132,000 for the six-months ended June 30, 2002, a decrease of \$199,000 from net nonoperating expense of \$331,000 for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. The decrease in net nonoperating expense was primarily attributable to decreased interest expense incurred on the Company's borrowings, which was primarily attributable to the decrease in outstanding loan balances and lower interest rates on the Company's borrowings for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 as compared to the six-months ended June 30, 2001.

Provision for Income Taxes. Provision for income taxes was \$1.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2002, an increase of \$189,000 over the provision for income taxes of \$955,000 for the comparable period in 2001. The effective tax rate for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 was 40.5% which was slightly higher than the 40.0% effective tax rate for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. The increase in provision for income taxes was attributable to the increase in income before provision for income taxes.

Net Income. Net income was \$1.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 compared to net income of \$1.4 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2001. The \$249,000 increase in net income is attributable to an increase in operating income of \$239,000 and a decrease in nonoperating expense of \$199,000 which was partially offset by a \$189,000 increase in provision for income taxes.

As of June 30, 2002, the Company had working capital of \$13.7 million, as compared to working capital of \$13.0 million as of December 31, 2001. The increase in working capital is primarily attributable to net income earned after adjustment for certain noncash expenses, primarily depreciation and other amortization, an increase in deposits and other assets and receipts from the issuance of common stock which was partially offset by the repayment by the Company of a portion of the Company's long-term debt and the acquisition of property and equipment and trademarks.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$1.2 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 as compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$4.0 million in the comparable period in 2001. For the six-months ended June 30, 2002, cash provided by operating activities was attributable to net income plus amortization of trademark license and trademarks, depreciation and other amortization, as well as increases in accounts payable and a decrease in inventories. For the six-months ended June 30, 2002, cash used in operating activities was attributable to an increase in accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and prepaid income taxes and other current assets and decreases in accound compensation and accrued liabilities.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased to \$7,000 for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 as compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$443,000 for the comparable period in 2001. The decrease in cash used in investing activities was primarily attributable to decreased acquisitions of property and equipment and trademarks as well as cash provided by deposits and other assets. Management, from time to time, considers the acquisition of capital equipment, particularly manufacturing equipment and coolers, merchandise display racks, vans and promotional vehicles, and businesses compatible with the image of the Hansen's(R) brand, as well as the development and introduction of new product lines. The Company may require additional capital resources for or as a result of any such activities or transactions, depending upon the cash requirements relating thereto. Any such activities or transactions will also be subject to the terms and restrictions of HBC's credit facilities.

Net cash used in financing activities decreased to \$1.2 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2002 as compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$3.2 million for the comparable period in 2001. The decrease in net cash used in financing activities as compared to the prior year was primarily attributable to decreased principal payments of long-term debt.

HBC's revolving line of credit was renewed by its bank until September 2005. The rate of interest payable by the Company on advances under the line of credit is based on the bank's base (prime) rate, plus an additional percentage of up to 0.5% or the LIBOR rate, plus an additional percentage of up to 2.5% depending upon certain financial ratios of the Company from time to time. As of June 30, 2002, approximately \$3.9 million was outstanding under the revolving line of credit.

The credit facility contains financial covenants, which require the Company to maintain certain financial ratios and achieve certain levels of annual income. The facility also contains certain non-financial covenants. As of June 30, 2002, the Company was in compliance with all covenants.

Management believes that cash available from operations, including cash resources and the revolving line of credit, will be sufficient for its working capital needs, including purchase commitments for raw materials, payments of tax liabilities, debt servicing, expansion and development needs, purchases of shares of common stock of the Company, as well as any purchases of capital assets or equipment over the current year.

Forward Looking Statements

The Private Security Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the "Act") provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of the Company. The Company and its representatives may from time to time make written or oral forward looking statements, including statements contained in this report and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and in reports to shareholders and announcements. Certain statements made in this report, including certain statements made in management's discussion and analysis, may constitute forward looking statements (within the meaning of Section 27.A of the Securities Act 1933 as amended and Section 21.E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) regarding the expectations of management with respect to revenues, profitability, adequacy of funds from operations and the Company's existing credit facility, among other things. All statements which address operating performance, events or developments that management expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future including statements related to new products, volume growth, revenues, profitability, adequacy of funds from operations, and/or the Company's existing credit facility, earnings per share growth, statements expressing general optimism about future operating results and non-historical Year 2002 information, are forward looking statements within the meaning of the Act.

Management cautions that these statements are qualified by their terms and/or important factors, many of which are outside the control of the Company that could cause actual results and events to differ materially from the statements made including, but not limited to, the following:

- o Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flows to support capital expansion plans and general operating activities;
- Changes in consumer preferences;
- Changes in demand that are weather related, particular in areas outside of California;
- o Competitive products and pricing pressures and the Company's ability to gain or maintain share of sales in the marketplace as a result of actions by competitors;
- o The introduction of new products;
- Laws and regulations, and/or any changes therein, including changes in accounting standards, taxation requirements (including tax rate changes, new tax laws and revised tax law interpretations) and environmental laws as well as the Federal Food Drug and Cosmetic Act, the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act, and regulations made thereunder or in connection therewith, especially those that may affect the way in which the Company's products are marketed and/or labeled, including the contents thereof, as well as laws and regulations or rules made or enforced by the Food and Drug Administration and/or the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and/or Federal Trade Commission and/or certain state regulatory agencies;
- o Changes in the cost and availability of raw materials and the ability to maintain favorable supply arrangements and relationships and procure timely and/or adequate production of all or any of the Company's products;
- The Company's ability to achieve earnings forecasts, which may be based on projected volumes and sales of many product types and/or new products, certain of which are more profitable than others. There can be no assurance that the Company will achieve projected levels or mixes of product sales;

- The Company's ability to penetrate new markets;
- The marketing efforts of distributors of the Company's products, most of which distribute products that are competitive with the products of the Company;
- Unilateral decisions by distributors, grocery chains, specialty chain stores, club stores and other customers to discontinue carrying all or any of the Company's products that they are carrying at any time; The terms and/or availability of the Company's credit facilities and the
- actions of its creditors; The effectiveness of the Company's advertising, marketing and promotional programs;
- Adverse weather conditions, which could reduce demand for the Company's products:
- The Company's ability to make suitable arrangements for the co-packing of any of its products.

The foregoing list of important factors is not exhaustive.

Inflation

The Company does not believe that inflation has a significant impact on the Company's results of operations for the periods presented.

ITEM 3. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS

The principal market risks (i.e., the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices) to which the Company is exposed, are fluctuations in commodity prices, affecting the cost of raw materials, and changes in interest rates on the Company's long term debt. The Company is subject to market risk with respect to the cost of commodities because its ability to recover increased costs through higher pricing may be limited by the competitive environment in which it operates.

At June 30, 2002, the majority of the Company's debt consisted of variable rate debt. The amount of variable rate debt fluctuates during the year based on the Company's cash requirements. If average interest rates were to increase one percent for the six-months ended June 30, 2002, the net impact on the Company's pre-tax earnings would have been approximately \$22,000.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Items 1 - 5. Not Applicable

Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K Item 6.

> Exhibits - See Exhibit Index (a)

Reports on Form 8-K - None (b)

SIGNATURES

HANSEN NATURAL CORPORATION

Registrant

/s/ RODNEY C. SACKS Date: August 14, 2002

Rodney C. Sacks

Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer

August 14, 2002 /s/ HILTON H. SCHLOSBERG Date:

Hilton H. Schlosberg Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hansen Natural Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2002 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Rodney C. Sacks, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Hilton H. Schlosberg, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

HANSEN NATURAL CORPORATION

Registrant

Date: August 14, 2002 /s/ RODNEY C. SACKS

Rodney C. Sacks

Chairman of the Board of Directors

and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 14, 2002 /s/ HILTON H. SCHLOSBERG

 $\hbox{Hilton H. Schlosberg}$

Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and Chief Financial Officer