

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

**Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

Commission File Number 001-18761

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

47-1809393
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1 Monster Way
Corona, California 92879
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(951) 739 – 6200
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

The Registrant had 552,523,130 shares of common stock, par value \$0.005 per share, outstanding as of August 1, 2018.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
JUNE 30, 2018

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION**ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)**

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2018 AND DECEMBER 31, 2017
(In Thousands, Except Par Value) (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
<u>ASSETS</u>		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 659,687	\$ 528,622
Short-term investments	211,093	672,933
Accounts receivable, net	592,568	449,476
Inventories	275,566	255,745
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	57,320	40,877
Prepaid income taxes	32,445	138,724
Total current assets	<u>1,828,679</u>	<u>2,086,377</u>
INVESTMENTS	-	2,366
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	240,658	230,276
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	85,253	92,333
GOODWILL	1,331,643	1,331,643
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net	1,039,401	1,034,085
OTHER ASSETS	16,436	13,932
Total Assets	<u>\$ 4,542,070</u>	<u>\$ 4,791,012</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</u>		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 267,117	\$ 245,910
Accrued liabilities	82,191	87,475
Accrued promotional allowances	178,193	137,998
Accrued distributor terminations	488	91
Deferred revenue	43,888	43,236
Accrued compensation	26,357	34,996
Income taxes payable	15,978	10,645
Total current liabilities	<u>614,212</u>	<u>560,351</u>
DEFERRED REVENUE	320,259	334,354
OTHER LIABILITIES	2,439	1,095
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 11)		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common stock - \$0.005 par value; 1,250,000 shares authorized; 630,330 shares issued and 552,457 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2018; 629,255 shares issued and 566,298 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2017	3,152	3,146
Additional paid-in capital	4,194,676	4,150,628
Retained earnings	3,407,806	2,928,226
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(25,196)	(16,659)
Common stock in treasury, at cost; 77,873 shares and 62,957 shares as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	<u>(3,975,278)</u>	<u>(3,170,129)</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>3,605,160</u>	<u>3,895,212</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$ 4,542,070</u>	<u>\$ 4,791,012</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
FOR THE THREE- AND SIX-MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three-Months Ended June 30,		Six-Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
NET SALES	\$ 1,015,873	\$ 907,068	\$ 1,866,793	\$ 1,649,214
COST OF SALES	395,615	323,571	731,279	584,843
GROSS PROFIT	620,258	583,497	1,135,514	1,064,371
OPERATING EXPENSES	262,637	233,456	497,979	450,068
OPERATING INCOME	357,621	350,041	637,535	614,303
INTEREST and OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), net	476	(2,551)	2,281	(1,893)
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	358,097	347,490	639,816	612,410
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	87,981	124,857	153,651	211,797
NET INCOME	<u>\$ 270,116</u>	<u>\$ 222,633</u>	<u>\$ 486,165</u>	<u>\$ 400,613</u>
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE:				
Basic	<u>\$ 0.48</u>	<u>\$ 0.39</u>	<u>\$ 0.86</u>	<u>\$ 0.71</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.48</u>	<u>\$ 0.39</u>	<u>\$ 0.85</u>	<u>\$ 0.69</u>
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OF COMMON STOCK AND COMMON STOCK EQUIVALENTS:				
Basic	<u>559,867</u>	<u>567,910</u>	<u>562,917</u>	<u>567,384</u>
Diluted	<u>566,352</u>	<u>578,020</u>	<u>570,231</u>	<u>577,719</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE- AND SIX-MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017
(In Thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three-Months Ended		Six-Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income, as reported	\$ 270,116	\$ 222,633	\$ 486,165	\$ 400,613
Other comprehensive income:				
Change in foreign currency translation adjustment	(11,988)	5,111	(9,265)	6,311
Available-for-sale investments:				
Change in net unrealized gains (losses)	513	(26)	728	105
Reclassification adjustment for net gains included in net income	-	-	-	-
Net change in available-for-sale investments	513	(26)	728	105
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(11,475)	5,085	(8,537)	6,416
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 258,641</u>	<u>\$ 227,718</u>	<u>\$ 477,628</u>	<u>\$ 407,029</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX-MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017
(In Thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six-Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 486,165	\$ 400,613
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	28,185	22,775
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	(308)	(436)
Stock-based compensation	28,345	25,983
Deferred income taxes	(76)	1,862
Effect on cash of changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(154,369)	(75,178)
TCCC Transaction receivable	-	125,000
Distributor receivables	5,826	(1,452)
Inventories	(22,753)	(24,859)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(15,977)	(8,131)
Prepaid income taxes	104,969	60,696
Accounts payable	24,684	8,784
Accrued liabilities	(15,617)	(667)
Accrued promotional allowances	43,196	25,805
Accrued distributor terminations	398	(7,917)
Accrued compensation	(8,413)	(7,225)
Income taxes payable	8,043	(5,362)
Other liabilities	1,344	-
Deferred revenue	(12,342)	(7,069)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>501,300</u>	<u>533,222</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Sales of available-for-sale investments	807,396	172,528
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(342,463)	(286,858)
Purchases of property and equipment	(34,619)	(40,477)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	3,590	733
Decrease (Increase) in intangibles	(42)	26
Increase in other assets	(7,684)	(632)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>426,178</u>	<u>(154,680)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Principal payments on debt	(972)	(1,334)
Issuance of common stock	13,616	19,093
Purchases of common stock held in treasury	(805,149)	(302)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	<u>(792,505)</u>	<u>17,457</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(3,908)	4,074
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	131,065	400,073
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	<u>528,622</u>	<u>377,582</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	<u><u>\$ 659,687</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 777,655</u></u>
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	<u>\$ 28</u>	<u>\$ 38</u>
Income taxes	<u>\$ 41,780</u>	<u>\$ 156,039</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX-MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017
(In Thousands) (Unaudited) (Continued)

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH ITEMS

The Company entered into capital leases for the acquisition of promotional vehicles of \$0.7 million and \$1.5 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Included in accounts payable as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$1.5 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, related to purchases of property and equipment.

Included in accrued liabilities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$0.1 million and \$12.1 million, respectively, related to purchases of property and equipment.

Included in accounts payable as of June 30, 2018 was \$1.8 million related to additions to other intangible assets. No such amounts were included in accounts payable at June 30, 2017.

Included in accrued liabilities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$9.5 million and \$6.2 million, respectively, related to additions to other intangible assets.

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Tabular Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts) (Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Reference is made to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, in Monster Beverage Corporation and Subsidiaries (the “Company”) Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (“Form 10-K”) for a summary of significant accounting policies utilized by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries and other disclosures, which should be read in conjunction with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (“Form 10-Q”).

The Company’s condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) rules and regulations applicable to interim financial reporting. They do not include all the information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. The information set forth in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, is unaudited and reflects all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments and which in the opinion of management are necessary to make the interim condensed consolidated financial statements not misleading. Results of operations for periods covered by this report may not necessarily be indicative of results of operations for the full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP necessarily requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Recently issued accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

In February 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2018-02 (ASU No. 2018-02), “Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)”, which amends the previous guidance to allow for certain tax effects “stranded” in accumulated other comprehensive income, which are impacted by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the “Tax Reform Act”), to be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into retained earnings. This amendment pertains only to those items impacted by the new tax law and will not apply to any future tax effects stranded in accumulated other comprehensive income. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and allows for early adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2018-02 on its financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, “Intangibles and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment”, which eliminates the requirement to calculate the implied fair value of goodwill, but rather requires an entity to record an impairment charge based on the excess of a reporting unit’s carrying value over its fair value. This amendment is effective for annual or interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2017-04 on its financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, “Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments”. The accounting standard changes the methodology for measuring credit losses on financial instruments and the timing when such losses are recorded. ASU No. 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2016-13 on its financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Tabular Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts) (Unaudited)

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, “Leases (Topic 842)”. This update is intended to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. This update is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2016-02 on its financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-16, “Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory”, in an effort to improve the accounting for the income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory. Current GAAP prohibits the recognition of current and deferred income taxes for an intra-entity asset transfer until the asset has been sold to an outside party. FASB ASU No. 2016-16 establishes the requirement that an entity recognizes the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs. ASU No. 2016-16 was effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and interim periods within those annual periods. The Company adopted ASU No. 2016-16 effective January 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis, resulting in a \$6.6 million reclassification of the unrecognized income tax effects related to assets transfers that occurred prior to the adoption from deferred income taxes to opening retained earnings.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)”, which superseded previous revenue recognition guidance. ASU No. 2014-09 and its amendments were included in Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 606 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers”. ASC 606 requires that a company recognize revenue at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Company adopted ASC 606 effective January 1, 2018, using the modified retrospective approach, with no impact to the opening retained earnings. Results for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 are presented under ASC 606, while prior periods are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with the prior accounting guidance under ASC 605 “Revenue Recognition”. See Note 3.

3. REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company currently has three operating and reportable segments, (i) Monster Energy® Drinks segment (“Monster Energy® Drinks”), which is comprised of the Company’s Monster Energy® drinks and Mutant® Super Soda drinks, (ii) Strategic Brands segment (“Strategic Brands”), which is comprised of the various energy drink brands acquired from The Coca-Cola Company (“TCCC”) in 2015, and (iii) Other segment (“Other”), which is comprised of certain products sold by American Fruits & Flavors LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, to independent third-party customers.

The Company’s Monster Energy® Drinks segment generates net operating revenues by selling ready-to-drink packaged energy drinks primarily to bottlers and full service beverage distributors. In some cases, the Company sells directly to retail grocery and specialty chains, wholesalers, club stores, mass merchandisers, convenience chains, drug stores, food service customers and the military.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
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The Company's Strategic Brands segment primarily generates net operating revenues by selling "concentrates" and/or "beverage bases" to authorized bottling and canning operations. Such bottlers generally combine the concentrates and/or beverage bases with sweeteners, water and other ingredients to produce ready-to-drink packaged energy drinks. The ready-to-drink packaged energy drinks are then sold to other bottlers and full service distributors and to retail grocery and specialty chains, wholesalers, club stores, mass merchandisers, convenience chains, food service customers, drug stores and the military. To a lesser extent, our Strategic Brands segment generates net operating revenues by selling certain ready-to-drink packaged energy drinks to bottlers and full service beverage distributors.

The majority of the Company's revenue is recognized when it satisfies a single performance obligation by transferring control of its products to a customer. Control is generally transferred when the Company's products are either shipped or delivered based on the terms contained within the underlying contracts or agreements. Certain of the Company's bottlers/distributors may also perform a separate function as a co-packer on the Company's behalf. In such cases, control of the Company's products passes to such bottlers/distributors when they notify the Company that they have taken possession or transferred the relevant portion of the Company's finished goods. The Company's general payment terms are short-term in duration. The Company does not have significant financing components or payment terms. The Company did not have any material unsatisfied performance obligations as of June 30, 2018 or December 31, 2017.

The Company excludes from revenues all taxes assessed by a governmental authority that are imposed on the sale of its products and collected from customers.

Distribution expenses to transport the Company's products, where applicable, and warehousing expense after manufacture are accounted for within operating expenses.

There were no changes to the Company's accounting for variable consideration under ASC 606. Promotional and other allowances (variable consideration) recorded as a reduction to net sales, primarily include consideration given to the Company's bottlers/distributors or retail customers including, but not limited to the following:

- discounts granted off list prices to support price promotions to end-consumers by retailers;
- reimbursements given to the Company's bottlers/distributors for agreed portions of their promotional spend with retailers, including slotting, shelf space allowances and other fees for both new and existing products;
- the Company's agreed share of fees given to bottlers/distributors and/or directly to retailers for advertising, in-store marketing and promotional activities;
- the Company's agreed share of slotting, shelf space allowances and other fees given directly to retailers;
- incentives given to the Company's bottlers/distributors and/or retailers for achieving or exceeding certain predetermined sales goals;
- discounted or free products;
- contractual fees given to the Company's bottlers/distributors related to sales made by the Company direct to certain customers that fall within the bottlers'/distributors' sales territories; and
- certain commissions paid based on sales to the Company's bottlers/distributors.

The Company's promotional allowance programs with its bottlers/distributors and/or retailers are executed through separate agreements in the ordinary course of business. These agreements generally provide for one or more of the arrangements described above and are of varying durations, ranging from one week to one year. The Company's promotional and other allowances are calculated based on various programs with bottlers/distributors and retail customers, and accruals are established during the year for its anticipated

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Tabular Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts) (Unaudited)

liabilities. These accruals are based on agreed upon terms as well as the Company’s historical experience with similar programs and require management’s judgment with respect to estimating consumer participation and/or distributor and retail customer performance levels. Differences between such estimated expenses and actual expenses for promotional and other allowance costs have historically been insignificant and are recognized in earnings in the period such differences are determined.

Upon adoption of ASC 606, commissions paid to TCCC based on sales to certain of the Company’s bottlers/distributors who are (i) consolidated subsidiaries of TCCC (the “TCCC Subsidiaries”), (ii) accounted for under the equity method by TCCC (the “TCCC Related Parties”) and (iii) those not included in (i) or (ii) (the “TCCC Independent Bottlers”) are accounted for as follows:

Commissions Related To:	Three- and Six-Months Ended June 30, 2018	
	As Reported	Without Adoption of ASC 606
TCCC Subsidiaries	Reduction to net sales	Reduction to net sales
TCCC Related Parties	Reduction to net sales	Operating expenses
TCCC Independent Bottlers	Operating expenses	Operating expenses

The impact of the adoption of ASC 606 on the Company’s condensed consolidated statement of income for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Three-Months Ended June 30, 2018		
	As Reported	Without Adoption of ASC 606	Decrease due to Adoption of ASC 606
Net Sales	\$ 1,015,873	\$ 1,028,085	\$ (12,212) ¹
Operating Expenses	\$ 262,637	\$ 274,849	\$ (12,212) ¹

	Six-Months Ended June 30, 2018		
	As Reported	Without Adoption of ASC 606	Decrease due to Adoption of ASC 606
Net Sales	\$ 1,866,793	\$ 1,888,945	\$ (22,152) ¹
Operating Expenses	\$ 497,979	\$ 520,131	\$ (22,152) ¹

¹ TCCC Commissions based on sales to the TCCC Related Parties. There were no other identified changes to our revenue recognition policies as a result of the adoption of ASC 606.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Tabular Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts) (Unaudited)

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following table disaggregates the Company's revenue by geographical markets and reportable segments:

Net Sales	Three-Months Ended June 30, 2018				
	U.S. and Canada	EMEA ¹	Asia Pacific	Latin America and Caribbean	Total
Monster Energy® Drinks	\$ 695,963	\$ 138,608	\$ 60,606	\$ 34,262	\$ 929,439
Strategic Brands	50,133	22,967	6,368	343	79,811
Other	6,623	-	-	-	6,623
Total Net Sales	<u>\$ 752,719</u>	<u>\$ 161,575</u>	<u>\$ 66,974</u>	<u>\$ 34,605</u>	<u>\$ 1,015,873</u>

Net Sales	Six-Months Ended June 30, 2018				
	U.S. and Canada	EMEA ¹	Asia Pacific	Latin America and Caribbean	Total
Monster Energy® Drinks	\$ 1,284,778	\$ 249,538	\$ 108,037	\$ 67,590	\$ 1,709,943
Strategic Brands	89,857	42,280	11,916	1,517	145,570
Other	11,280	-	-	-	11,280
Total Net Sales	<u>\$ 1,385,915</u>	<u>\$ 291,818</u>	<u>\$ 119,953</u>	<u>\$ 69,107</u>	<u>\$ 1,866,793</u>

¹Europe, Middle East and Africa ("EMEA")

Contract Liabilities

Amounts received from certain bottlers/distributors at inception of their distribution contracts or at the inception of certain sales/marketing programs are accounted for as deferred revenue. As of June 30, 2018, the Company had \$364.1 million of deferred revenue, which is included in current and long-term deferred revenue in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2017, the Company had \$377.6 million of deferred revenue, which is included in current and long-term deferred revenue in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. During the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018, \$11.0 million and \$22.2 million, respectively, of deferred revenue was recognized in net sales. See Note 10.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Tabular Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts) (Unaudited)

4. INVESTMENTS

The following table summarizes the Company's investments at:

June 30, 2018	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses	Fair Value	Continuous Unrealized Loss Position less than 12 Months	Continuous Unrealized Loss Position greater than 12 Months
Available-for-sale						
Short-term:						
Commercial paper	\$ 15,177	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,177	\$ -	\$ -
Municipal securities	149,048	5	56	148,997	56	-
U.S. government agency securities	46,982	-	63	46,919	63	-
Variable rate demand notes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 211,207</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 119</u>	<u>\$ 211,093</u>	<u>\$ 119</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
December 31, 2017	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses	Fair Value	Continuous Unrealized Loss Position less than 12 Months	Continuous Unrealized Loss Position greater than 12 Months
Available-for-sale						
Short-term:						
Commercial paper	\$ 81,026	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,026	\$ -	\$ -
Certificates of deposit	11,869	-	-	11,869	-	-
Municipal securities	469,604	1	740	468,865	740	-
U.S. government agency securities	61,307	-	88	61,219	88	-
Variable rate demand notes	49,954	-	-	49,954	-	-
Long-term:						
U.S. government agency securities	2,369	-	3	2,366	3	-
Total	<u>\$ 676,129</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 831</u>	<u>\$ 675,299</u>	<u>\$ 831</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

During the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, realized gains or losses recognized on the sale of investments were not significant.

The Company's investments at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 in commercial paper, certificates of deposit, municipal securities, U.S. government agency securities and/or variable rate demand notes ("VRDNs") carried investment grade credit ratings. VRDNs are floating rate municipal bonds with embedded put options that allow the bondholder to sell the security at par plus accrued interest. All of the put options are secured by a pledged liquidity source. While they are classified as marketable investment securities, the put option allows the VRDNs to be liquidated at par on a same day, or more generally, on a seven-day settlement basis.

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The following table summarizes the underlying contractual maturities of the Company's investments at:

	June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Less than 1 year:				
Commercial paper	\$ 15,177	\$ 15,177	\$ 81,026	\$ 81,026
Municipal securities	149,048	148,997	469,604	468,865
U.S. government agency securities	46,982	46,919	61,307	61,219
Certificates of deposit	-	-	11,869	11,869
Due 1 -10 years:				
U.S. government agency securities	-	-	2,369	2,366
Variable rate demand notes	-	-	6,366	6,366
Due 11 - 20 years:				
Variable rate demand notes	-	-	28,377	28,377
Due 21 - 30 years:				
Variable rate demand notes	-	-	15,211	15,211
Total	<u>\$ 211,207</u>	<u>\$ 211,093</u>	<u>\$ 676,129</u>	<u>\$ 675,299</u>

5. FAIR VALUE OF CERTAIN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

ASC 820 provides a framework for measuring fair value and requires disclosures regarding fair value measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received on the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available. The three levels of inputs required by the standard that the Company uses to measure fair value are summarized below.

- **Level 1:** Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- **Level 2:** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the related assets or liabilities.
- **Level 3:** Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

ASC 820 requires the use of observable market inputs (quoted market prices) when measuring fair value and requires a Level 1 quoted price to be used to measure fair value whenever possible.

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The following tables present the fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis, segregated among the appropriate levels within the fair value hierarchy at:

June 30, 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash	\$ 358,788	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 358,788
Money market funds	299,949	-	-	299,949
Commercial paper	-	16,127	-	16,127
Municipal securities	-	148,997	-	148,997
U.S. government agency securities	-	46,919	-	46,919
Foreign currency derivatives	-	(996)	-	(996)
Total	\$ 658,737	\$ 211,047	\$ -	\$ 869,784

Amounts included in:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 658,737	\$ 950	\$ -	\$ 659,687
Short-term investments	-	211,093	-	211,093
Accounts receivable, net	-	21	-	21
Investments	-	-	-	-
Accrued liabilities	-	(1,017)	-	(1,017)
Total	\$ 658,737	\$ 211,047	\$ -	\$ 869,784

December 31, 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash	\$ 310,885	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 310,885
Money market funds	112,848	-	-	112,848
Certificates of deposit	-	15,720	-	15,720
Commercial paper	-	99,903	-	99,903
Variable rate demand notes	-	49,954	-	49,954
Municipal securities	-	529,984	-	529,984
U.S. government agency securities	-	81,230	-	81,230
U.S. Treasuries	-	3,397	-	3,397
Foreign currency derivatives	-	(1,484)	-	(1,484)
Total	\$ 423,733	\$ 778,704	\$ -	\$ 1,202,437

Amounts included in:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 423,733	\$ 104,889	\$ -	\$ 528,622
Short-term investments	-	672,933	-	672,933
Accounts receivable, net	-	95	-	95
Investments	-	2,366	-	2,366
Accrued liabilities	-	(1,579)	-	(1,579)
Total	\$ 423,733	\$ 778,704	\$ -	\$ 1,202,437

All of the Company's short-term investments are classified within Level 1 or Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The Company's valuation of its Level 1 investments, which include money market funds, is based on quoted market prices in active markets for identical securities. The Company's valuation of its Level 2 investments, which include municipal securities, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, VRDNs, U.S. Treasuries and U.S. government agency securities, is based on other observable inputs, specifically a market approach which utilizes valuation models, pricing systems, mathematical tools and other relevant information for the same or similar securities. The Company's valuation of its Level 2 foreign currency exchange contracts is based on quoted market prices of the same or similar instruments, adjusted for counterparty risk. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 measurements during the six-months ended June 30, 2018 or the year ended December 31, 2017, and there were no changes in the Company's valuation techniques.

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6. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

The Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risks related primarily to its foreign business operations. During the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company entered into forward currency exchange contracts with financial institutions to create an economic hedge to specifically manage a portion of the foreign exchange risk exposure associated with certain consolidated subsidiaries' non-functional currency denominated assets and liabilities. All foreign currency exchange contracts of the Company that were outstanding as of June 30, 2018 have terms of one month or less. The Company does not enter into forward currency exchange contracts for speculation or trading purposes.

The Company has not designated its foreign currency exchange contracts as hedge transactions under ASC 815. Therefore, gains and losses on the Company's foreign currency exchange contracts are recognized in interest and other income (expense), net, in the condensed consolidated statements of income, and are largely offset by the changes in the fair value of the underlying economically hedged item.

The notional amount and fair value of all outstanding foreign currency derivative instruments in the condensed consolidated balance sheets consist of the following at:

June 30, 2018			
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under FASB ASC 815-20	Notional Amount	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location
Assets:			
Foreign currency exchange contracts:			
Receive SGD/pay USD	\$ 5,279	\$ 7	Accounts receivable, net
Receive USD/pay NZD	2,719	12	Accounts receivable, net
Receive NOK/pay USD	918	2	Accounts receivable, net
Liabilities:			
Foreign currency exchange contracts:			
Receive USD/pay EUR	\$ 50,572	\$ (408)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay GBP	37,904	(129)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay ZAR	16,633	(192)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay AUD	14,118	(82)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay TRY	5,277	(92)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay COP	3,567	(30)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay MXN	3,035	(54)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay RUB	2,774	(30)	Accrued liabilities

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December 31, 2017

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under FASB ASC 815-20	Notional Amount	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location
Assets:			
Foreign currency exchange contracts:			
Receive CAD/pay USD	\$ 4,892	\$ 61	Accounts receivable, net
Receive USD/pay COP	2,803	13	Accounts receivable, net
Receive USD/pay BRL	1,806	1	Accounts receivable, net
Receive NOK/pay USD	1,534	18	Accounts receivable, net
Receive SGD/pay USD	223	2	Accounts receivable, net
Liabilities:			
Foreign currency exchange contracts:			
Receive USD/pay EUR	\$ 65,131	\$ (642)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay GBP	31,342	(334)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay ZAR	21,311	(222)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay AUD	17,238	(177)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay MXN	7,720	(126)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay TRY	5,483	(52)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay NZD	1,826	(18)	Accrued liabilities
Receive USD/pay CLP	1,112	(8)	Accrued liabilities

The net gains (losses) on derivative instruments in the condensed consolidated statements of income were as follows:

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under FASB ASC 815-20	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivatives	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivatives	
		Three-months ended	
		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Foreign currency exchange contracts	Interest and other income (expense), net	\$ 10,393	\$ (4,439)

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under FASB ASC 815-20	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivatives	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivatives	
		Six-months ended	
		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Foreign currency exchange contracts	Interest and other income (expense), net	\$ 5,734	\$ (9,467)

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7. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following at:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Raw materials	\$ 89,362	\$ 78,834
Finished goods	186,204	176,911
	<u>\$ 275,566</u>	<u>\$ 255,745</u>

8. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment consist of the following at:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Land	\$ 44,261	\$ 47,373
Leasehold improvements	3,278	3,109
Furniture and fixtures	6,732	6,461
Office and computer equipment	17,683	14,506
Computer software	3,334	3,650
Equipment	165,861	148,434
Buildings	116,143	107,374
Vehicles	39,967	38,179
	<u>397,259</u>	<u>369,086</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(156,601)</u>	<u>(138,810)</u>
	<u>\$ 240,658</u>	<u>\$ 230,276</u>

Total depreciation and amortization expense recorded was \$11.2 million and \$8.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Total depreciation and amortization expense recorded was \$22.2 million and \$16.8 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

9. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following is a roll-forward of goodwill for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 by reportable segment:

	Monster Energy® Drinks	Strategic Brands	Other	Total
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 693,644	\$ 637,999	\$ -	\$ 1,331,643
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-
Balance at June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 693,644</u>	<u>\$ 637,999</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,331,643</u>
	Monster Energy® Drinks	Strategic Brands	Other	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 693,644	\$ 637,999	\$ -	\$ 1,331,643
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-
Balance at June 30, 2017	<u>\$ 693,644</u>	<u>\$ 637,999</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,331,643</u>

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Intangible assets consist of the following at:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Amortizing intangibles	\$ 71,355	\$ 71,400
Accumulated amortization	(32,387)	(26,383)
	38,968	45,017
Non-amortizing intangibles	1,000,433	989,068
	<u>\$ 1,039,401</u>	<u>\$ 1,034,085</u>

Amortizing intangibles primarily consist of customer relationships. All amortizing intangibles have been assigned an estimated finite useful life and such intangibles are amortized on a straight-line basis over the number of years that approximate their respective useful lives, generally five to seven years. Total amortization expense recorded was \$3.0 million for both the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Total amortization expense recorded was \$6.0 million for both the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

10. DISTRIBUTION AGREEMENTS

In accordance with ASC No. 420 “Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations”, the Company expenses distributor termination costs in the period in which the written notification of termination occurs. The Company incurred termination costs of \$5.5 million and \$0.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Company incurred termination costs of \$12.5 million and \$20.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Such termination costs have been expensed in full and are included in operating expenses for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

In the normal course of business, amounts received pursuant to new and/or amended distribution agreements entered into with certain distributors, relating to the costs associated with terminating agreements with the Company’s prior distributors, are accounted for as deferred revenue and are recognized as revenue ratably over the anticipated life of the respective distribution agreement, generally 20 years. Revenue recognized was \$11.0 million and \$10.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Revenue recognized was \$22.2 million and \$20.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company had purchase commitments aggregating approximately \$50.0 million at June 30, 2018, which represented commitments made by the Company and its subsidiaries to various suppliers of raw materials for the production of its products. These obligations vary in terms, but are generally satisfied within one year.

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The Company had contractual obligations aggregating approximately \$154.2 million at June 30, 2018, which related primarily to sponsorships and other marketing activities.

The Company had operating lease commitments aggregating approximately \$16.3 million at June 30, 2018, which related primarily to warehouse and office space.

In February 2018, the working capital line limit for the Company's credit facility with HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, Shanghai Branch was increased from \$9.0 million to \$15.0 million. At June 30, 2018, the interest rate on borrowings under the line of credit was 5.5%. As of June 30, 2018, the Company had \$11.2 million outstanding on this line of credit, including interest, which is included in accounts payable in the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Legal Proceedings

Litigation — The Company has been named a defendant in personal injury lawsuits, claiming that the death or other serious injury of the plaintiffs was caused by consumption of Monster Energy® brand energy drinks. The plaintiffs in these lawsuits allege strict product liability, negligence, fraudulent concealment, breach of implied warranties and wrongful death. The Company believes that each complaint is without merit and plans a vigorous defense. The Company also believes that any damages, if awarded, would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Furthermore, from time to time in the normal course of business, the Company is named in other litigation, including consumer class actions, intellectual property litigation and claims from prior distributors. Although it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of such litigation, based on the facts known to the Company, management believes that such litigation in the aggregate will likely not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

The Company evaluates, on a quarterly basis, developments in legal proceedings and other matters that could cause an increase or decrease in the amount of the liability that is accrued, if any, or in the amount of any related insurance reimbursements recorded. As of June 30, 2018, the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet includes accrued loss contingencies of approximately \$3.3 million.

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12. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component, after tax, for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Currency Translation Losses	Unrealized (Gains) Losses on Available-for- Sale Securities	Total
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 15,818	\$ 841	\$ 16,659
Other comprehensive loss (gain) before reclassifications	9,265	(728)	8,537
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss (gain)	-	-	-
Net current-period other comprehensive loss (gain)	9,265	(728)	8,537
Balance at June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 25,083</u>	<u>\$ 113</u>	<u>\$ 25,196</u>

13. TREASURY STOCK

On February 27, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program for the purchase of up to \$250.0 million of the Company's outstanding common stock (the "February 2018 Repurchase Program"). During the three-months ended June 30, 2018, the Company purchased 5.0 million shares of common stock at an average purchase price of \$49.81 per share, for a total amount of \$249.9 million (excluding broker commissions), which exhausted the availability under the February 2018 Repurchase Program. Such shares are included in common stock in treasury in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2018.

On May 29, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program for the purchase of up to \$500.0 million of the Company's outstanding common stock (the "May 2018 Repurchase Program"). During the three-months ended June 30, 2018, the Company purchased 5.5 million shares of common stock at an average purchase price of \$54.78 per share, for a total amount of \$303.2 million (excluding broker commissions), under the May 2018 Repurchase Program. Such shares are included in common stock in treasury in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2018. As of August 9, 2018, \$196.7 million remained available for repurchase under the May 2018 Repurchase Program.

On August 7, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a new repurchase program for the repurchase of up to an additional \$500.0 million of the Company's outstanding common stock (the "August 2018 Repurchase Program"). As of August 9, 2018, \$500.0 million remained available for repurchase under the August 2018 Repurchase Program.

During the three-months ended June 30, 2018, 504 shares of common stock were purchased from employees in lieu of cash payments for options exercised or withholding taxes due, for a total amount of \$0.03 million. While such purchases are considered common stock repurchases, they are not counted as purchases against the Company's authorized share repurchase programs. Such shares are included in common stock in treasury in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2018.

14. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has two stock-based compensation plans under which shares were available for grant at June 30, 2018: the Monster Beverage Corporation 2011 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2011 Omnibus Incentive Plan"), including the Monster Beverage Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Deferred Compensation Plan") as a sub plan thereunder, and the Monster Beverage Corporation 2017 Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors (the "2017 Directors Plan"), including the Monster Beverage Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors (the "Non-Employee Director Deferral Plan") as a sub plan thereunder.

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The Company recorded \$14.9 million and \$12.8 million of compensation expense relating to outstanding options and restricted stock units during the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Company recorded \$28.3 million and \$26.0 million of compensation expense relating to outstanding options and restricted stock units during the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The excess tax benefit for tax deductions from non-qualified stock option exercises, disqualifying dispositions of incentive stock options and vesting of restricted stock units for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$1.7 million and \$1.9 million, respectively. The excess tax benefit for tax deductions from non-qualified stock option exercises, disqualifying dispositions of incentive stock options and vesting of restricted stock units for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$4.5 million and \$11.3 million, respectively.

Stock Options

Under the Company's stock-based compensation plans, all stock options granted as of June 30, 2018 were granted at prices based on the fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The Company records compensation expense for employee stock options based on the estimated fair value of the options on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing formula with the assumptions included in the table below. The Company records compensation expense for non-employee stock options based on the estimated fair value of the options as of the earlier of (1) the date at which a commitment for performance by the non-employee to earn the stock option is reached or (2) the date at which the non-employee's performance is complete, using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing formula with the assumptions included in the table below. The Company uses historical data to determine the exercise behavior, volatility and forfeiture rate of the options.

The following weighted-average assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of options granted during:

	Three-Months Ended June 30,		Six-Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected volatility	34.9%	36.5%	34.9%	36.6%
Risk-free interest rate	2.7%	1.8%	2.8%	2.1%
Expected term	6.1 years	6.1 years	6.1 years	6.1 years

Expected Volatility: The Company uses historical volatility as it provides a reasonable estimate of the expected volatility. Historical volatility is based on the most recent volatility of the stock price over a period of time equivalent to the expected term of the option.

Risk-Free Interest Rate: The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury zero coupon yield curve in effect at the time of grant for the expected term of the option.

Expected Term: The Company's expected term represents the weighted-average period that the Company's stock options are expected to be outstanding. The expected term is based on the expected time to post-vesting exercise of options by employees. The Company uses historical exercise patterns of previously granted options to derive employee behavioral patterns used to forecast expected exercise patterns.

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The following table summarizes the Company's activities with respect to its stock option plans as follows:

Options	Number of Shares (In thousands)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (In years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2018	17,819	\$ 29.62	6.1	\$ 600,032
Granted 01/01/18 - 03/31/18	2,615	\$ 58.76		
Granted 04/01/18 - 06/30/18	360	\$ 51.72		
Exercised	(814)	\$ 16.73		
Cancelled or forfeited	(216)	\$ 42.60		
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	19,764	\$ 34.26	6.2	\$ 459,527
Vested and expected to vest in the future at June 30, 2018	18,673	\$ 33.32	6.1	\$ 451,327
Exercisable at June 30, 2018	10,639	\$ 22.40	4.5	\$ 371,252

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$20.20 per share and \$18.97 per share, respectively. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$22.51 per share and \$18.01 per share, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$14.7 million and \$8.5 million, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$32.9 million and \$40.9 million, respectively.

Cash received from option exercises under all plans for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was approximately \$7.1 million and \$5.5 million, respectively. Cash received from option exercises under all plans for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was approximately \$13.6 million and \$19.1 million, respectively.

At June 30, 2018, there was \$121.1 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested options granted to employees under the Company's share-based payment plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.0 years.

Restricted Stock Units

The cost of stock-based compensation for restricted stock units is measured based on the closing fair market value of the Company's common stock at the date of grant. In the event that the Company has the option and intent to settle a restricted stock unit in cash, the award is classified as a liability and revalued at each balance sheet date.

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The following table summarizes the Company's activities with respect to non-vested restricted stock units as follows:

	Number of Shares (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Non-vested at January 1, 2018	530	\$ 45.09
Granted 01/01/18- 03/31/18	221	\$ 58.75
Granted 04/01/18- 06/30/18	48	\$ 52.31
Vested	(262)	\$ 45.36
Forfeited/cancelled	(6)	\$ 32.17
Non-vested at June 30, 2018	<u>531</u>	<u>\$ 51.45</u>

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of restricted stock units granted during the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$52.31 per share and \$50.86 per share, respectively. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of restricted stock units granted during the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$57.59 per share and \$46.65 per share, respectively. As of June 30, 2018, 0.5 million of restricted stock units are expected to vest over their respective terms.

At June 30, 2018, total unrecognized compensation expense relating to non-vested restricted stock units was \$22.2 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years.

15. INCOME TAXES

On December 22, 2017, the President of the United States signed into law the Tax Reform Act. The legislation significantly changes U.S. tax law by, among other things, lowering corporate income tax rates, implementing a territorial tax system and imposing a repatriation tax on deemed repatriated earnings of foreign subsidiaries. The Tax Reform Act permanently reduces the U.S. corporate income tax rate from a maximum of 35% to a flat 21% rate, effective January 1, 2018. The SEC staff issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 ("SAB 118") to address the application of U.S. GAAP in situations when a registrant does not have the necessary information available, prepared, or analyzed (including computations) in reasonable detail to complete the accounting for certain income tax effects of the Tax Reform Act. A company may select between one of three scenarios to determine a reasonable estimate for certain income tax effects arising from the Tax Reform Act. Those scenarios are (i) a final estimate which effectively closes the measurement window; (ii) a reasonable estimate leaving the measurement window open for future revisions; and (iii) no estimate as the law is still being analyzed. The Company was able to provide a reasonable estimate for the revaluation of deferred taxes and the effects of the toll charge on undistributed foreign subsidiary earnings and profits ("E&P"). As a result of the reduction in the U.S. corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21% under the Tax Reform Act, the Company revalued its net deferred tax assets at December 31, 2017, resulting in a provisional \$39.8 million charge included in the provision for income taxes for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Tax Reform Act also provided for a one-time deemed mandatory repatriation of Post-1986 E&P through the year ended December 31, 2017. As a result, the Company recognized a provisional \$2.1 million charge in the provision for income taxes for the year ended December 31, 2017 related to such deemed mandatory repatriation.

The Company has not made additional measurement window adjustments to these items during the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018. The Company continues to evaluate the various provisions of the Tax Reform Act, including, the global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") and the foreign derived intangible income ("FDII") provisions. The ultimate impact of the Tax Reform Act may differ from these provisional amounts, possibly materially, due to, among other things, additional analysis, changes in interpretations and assumptions the Company has made, additional regulatory guidance that may be issued, as well as any related actions the Company may take. The measurement window begins in the reporting period that includes the enactment date and ends when an entity has obtained, prepared and analyzed the information needed in order to complete the accounting requirements under ASC Topic 740.

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The following is a roll-forward of the Company's total gross unrecognized tax benefits, not including interest and penalties, for the six-months ended June 30, 2018:

	Gross Unrecognized Tax Benefits	
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	6,540
Additions for tax positions related to the current year		210
Additions for tax positions related to the prior year		1,172
Decreases related to settlement with taxing authority		(2,665)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	<u>5,257</u>

The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in the provision for income taxes in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2018, the Company had approximately \$1.0 million in accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits. If the Company were to prevail on all uncertain tax positions, the resultant impact on the Company's effective tax rate would not be significant. It is expected that any change in the amount of unrecognized tax benefits within the next 12 months will not be significant.

The Company is subject to U.S. federal income tax as well as to income tax in multiple state and foreign jurisdictions.

On October 18, 2016, the IRS began its examination of the Company's U.S. federal income tax return for the year ended December 31, 2014. On March 27, 2017, the IRS began its examination of the Company's U.S. federal income tax return for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The Company is in various stages of examination with certain states and certain foreign jurisdictions. The Company's 2014 through 2017 U.S. federal income tax returns are subject to examination by the IRS. The Company's state income tax returns are subject to examination for the 2013 through 2017 tax years.

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16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

A reconciliation of the weighted-average shares used in the basic and diluted earnings per common share computations is presented below (in thousands):

	Three-Months Ended		Six-Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Weighted-average shares outstanding:				
Basic	559,867	567,910	562,917	567,384
Dilutive	6,485	10,110	7,314	10,335
Diluted	<u>566,352</u>	<u>578,020</u>	<u>570,231</u>	<u>577,719</u>

For the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, options and awards outstanding totaling 6.4 million shares and 8.8 million shares, respectively, were excluded from the calculations as their effect would have been antidilutive. For the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, options and awards outstanding totaling 2.6 million shares and 8.4 million shares, respectively, were excluded from the calculations as their effect would have been antidilutive.

17. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company currently has three operating and reportable segments, (i) Monster Energy® Drinks segment, which is comprised of the Company's Monster Energy® drinks and Mutant® Super Soda drinks, (ii) Strategic Brands segment, which is comprised of the various energy drink brands acquired from TCCC in 2015, and (iii) Other segment, which is comprised of certain products sold by American Fruits & Flavors LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, to independent third-party customers.

The Company's Monster Energy® Drinks segment primarily generates net operating revenues by selling ready-to-drink packaged drinks primarily to bottlers and full service beverage distributors. In some cases, the Company sells directly to retail grocery and specialty chains, wholesalers, club stores, mass merchandisers, convenience chains, food service customers and the military.

The Company's Strategic Brands segment primarily generates net operating revenues by selling "concentrates" and/or "beverage bases" to authorized bottling and canning operations. Such bottlers generally combine the concentrates and/or beverage bases with sweeteners, water and other ingredients to produce ready-to-drink packaged energy drinks. The ready-to-drink packaged energy drinks are then sold to other bottlers, full service distributors or retailers, including, retail grocery and specialty chains, wholesalers, club stores, mass merchandisers, convenience chains, food service customers, drug stores and the military. To a lesser extent, the Company's Strategic Brands segment generates net operating revenues by selling certain ready-to-drink packaged energy drinks to bottlers and full service beverage distributors.

Generally, the Monster Energy® Drinks segment generates higher per case net operating revenues, but lower per case gross profit margins than the Strategic Brands segment.

Corporate and unallocated amounts that do not relate to a reportable segment have been allocated to "Corporate & Unallocated." No asset information, other than goodwill and other intangible assets, has been provided for in the Company's reportable segments as management does not measure or allocate such assets on a segment basis.

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The net revenues derived from the Company's reportable segments and other financial information related thereto for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	Three-Months Ended June 30,		Six-Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net sales:				
Monster Energy® Drinks ⁽¹⁾	\$ 929,439	\$ 815,261	\$ 1,709,943	\$ 1,483,831
Strategic Brands	79,811	85,633	145,570	153,669
Other	6,623	6,174	11,280	11,714
Corporate and unallocated	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 1,015,873</u>	<u>\$ 907,068</u>	<u>\$ 1,866,793</u>	<u>\$ 1,649,214</u>

	Three-Months Ended June 30,		Six-Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Operating Income:				
Monster Energy® Drinks ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$ 373,103	\$ 356,223	\$ 674,805	\$ 635,654
Strategic Brands	50,791	53,175	93,393	95,281
Other	1,826	1,718	2,797	3,134
Corporate and unallocated	(68,099)	(61,075)	(133,460)	(119,766)
	<u>\$ 357,621</u>	<u>\$ 350,041</u>	<u>\$ 637,535</u>	<u>\$ 614,303</u>

	Three-Months Ended June 30,		Six-Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Income before tax:				
Monster Energy® Drinks ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$ 373,342	\$ 356,316	\$ 675,305	\$ 635,651
Strategic Brands	50,833	53,174	93,416	95,268
Other	1,826	1,718	2,797	3,134
Corporate and unallocated	(67,904)	(63,718)	(131,702)	(121,643)
	<u>\$ 358,097</u>	<u>\$ 347,490</u>	<u>\$ 639,816</u>	<u>\$ 612,410</u>

(1) Includes \$11.0 million and \$10.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, related to the recognition of deferred revenue. Includes \$22.2 million and \$20.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, related to the recognition of deferred revenue.

(2) Includes \$5.5 million and \$0.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, related to distributor termination costs. Includes \$12.5 million and \$20.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, related to distributor termination costs.

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	Three-Months Ended		Six-Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Depreciation and amortization:				
Monster Energy® Drinks	\$ 8,960	\$ 6,873	\$ 17,770	\$ 13,413
Strategic Brands	1,946	1,842	3,872	3,638
Other	1,167	1,153	2,326	2,306
Corporate and unallocated	2,121	1,725	4,217	3,418
	<u>\$ 14,194</u>	<u>\$ 11,593</u>	<u>\$ 28,185</u>	<u>\$ 22,775</u>

Corporate and unallocated expenses for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 include \$44.7 million of payroll costs, of which \$14.9 million was attributable to stock-based compensation expenses (see Note 14, “Stock-Based Compensation”), as well as \$11.8 million attributable to professional service expenses, including accounting and legal costs, and \$11.6 million of other operating expenses. Corporate and unallocated expenses for the three-months ended June 30, 2017 include \$38.4 million of payroll costs, of which \$12.8 million was attributable to stock-based compensation expenses (see Note 14, “Stock-Based Compensation”), as well as \$14.0 million attributable to professional service expenses, including accounting and legal costs, and \$8.6 million of other operating expenses.

Corporate and unallocated expenses for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 include \$87.8 million of payroll costs, of which \$28.3 million was attributable to stock-based compensation expenses (see Note 14, “Stock-Based Compensation”), as well as \$24.2 million attributable to professional service expenses, including accounting and legal costs, and \$21.4 million of other operating expenses. Corporate and unallocated expenses for the six-months ended June 30, 2017 include \$76.1 million of payroll costs, of which \$26.0 million was attributable to stock-based compensation expenses (see Note 14, “Stock-Based Compensation”), as well as \$26.4 million attributable to professional service expenses, including accounting and legal costs, and \$17.3 million of other operating expenses.

TCCC, through the TCCC Subsidiaries, accounted for approximately 4% and 17% of the Company’s net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. TCCC, through the TCCC Subsidiaries, accounted for approximately 4% and 25% of the Company’s net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. As part of TCCC’s North America Refranchising initiative (the “North America Refranchising”), the territories of certain TCCC Subsidiaries have been transitioned to certain independent TCCC bottlers/distributors and/or TCCC Related Parties. Accordingly, the Company’s percentage of net sales classified as sales to the TCCC Subsidiaries significantly decreased for three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018.

CCBCC Operations, LLC accounted for approximately 13% of the Company’s net sales for both the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. CCBCC Operations, LLC accounted for approximately 13% and 12% of the Company’s net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Coca-Cola European Partners accounted for approximately 9% of the Company’s net sales for both the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Coca-Cola European Partners accounted for approximately 10% and 9% of the Company’s net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Reyes Coca-Cola Bottling accounted for approximately 12% and 5% of the Company’s net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Reyes Coca-Cola Bottling accounted for approximately 13% and 4% of the Company’s net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

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Net sales to customers outside the United States amounted to \$293.8 million and \$247.9 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Net sales to customers outside the United States amounted to \$535.9 million and \$438.8 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Goodwill and other intangible assets for the Company's reportable segments as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Goodwill and other intangible assets:		
Monster Energy® Drinks	\$ 1,357,017	\$ 1,346,648
Strategic Brands	992,800	995,582
Other	21,227	23,498
Corporate and unallocated	-	-
	<u>\$ 2,371,044</u>	<u>\$ 2,365,728</u>

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

TCCC controls approximately 18% of the voting interests of the Company. The TCCC Subsidiaries, the TCCC Related Parties and the TCCC Independent Bottlers, purchase and distribute certain of the Company's products in certain domestic and international markets. The Company also pays TCCC a commission based on certain sales within the TCCC distribution network.

TCCC commissions, based on sales to the TCCC Subsidiaries and the TCCC Related Parties, for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 were \$13.2 million and \$24.5 million, respectively, and are included as a reduction to net sales. TCCC commissions, based on sales to the TCCC Independent Bottlers for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 were \$4.3 million and \$7.5 million, respectively, and are included in operating expenses.

TCCC commissions, based on sales to the TCCC Subsidiaries, for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2017 were \$2.1 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, and are included as a reduction to net sales. TCCC commissions, based on sales to the TCCC Related Parties and the TCCC Independent Bottlers, for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2017 were \$12.8 million and \$20.7 million, respectively, and are included in operating expenses.

Upon adoption of ASC 606, commissions paid to TCCC, based on sales to the TCCC Related Parties, are included as a reduction to net sales. Prior to January 1, 2018, such commissions, based on sales to the TCCC Related Parties, were included in operating expenses.

Net sales to the TCCC Subsidiaries for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$39.6 million and \$154.5 million, respectively. Net sales to the TCCC Subsidiaries for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$74.6 million and \$409.7 million, respectively. As part of the North America Refranchising, the territories of certain TCCC Subsidiaries have been transitioned to certain independent TCCC bottlers/distributors and/or TCCC Related Parties. Accordingly, the Company's net sales classified as sales to the TCCC Subsidiaries significantly decreased for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018.

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The Company also purchases concentrates from TCCC which are then sold to certain of the Company's bottlers/distributors. Concentrate purchases from TCCC were \$11.3 million and \$6.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Concentrate purchases from TCCC were \$14.2 million and \$12.5 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Certain TCCC Subsidiaries also contract manufacture certain of the Company's Monster Energy® brand energy drinks. Such contract manufacturing expenses were \$6.4 million and \$2.9 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Such contract manufacturing expenses were \$11.8 million and \$5.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued promotional allowances related to the TCCC Subsidiaries are as follows at:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 42,337	\$ 32,607
Accounts payable	\$ (34,368)	\$ (45,465)
Accrued promotional allowances	\$ (9,851)	\$ (5,884)

Two directors and officers of the Company and their families are principal owners of a company that provides promotional materials to the Company. Expenses incurred with such company in connection with promotional materials purchased during the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million, respectively. Expenses incurred with such company in connection with promotional materials purchased during both the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$1.4 million.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Our Business

When this report uses the words “the Company”, “we”, “us”, and “our”, these words refer to Monster Beverage Corporation and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires. Based in Corona, California, Monster Beverage Corporation is a holding company and conducts no operating business except through its consolidated subsidiaries. The Company’s subsidiaries primarily develop and market energy drinks as well as Mutant® Super Sodas.

Overview

We develop, market, sell and distribute energy drink beverages, sodas and/or concentrates for energy drink beverages, primarily under the following brand names:

- Monster Energy®
- Monster Energy Ultra®
- Monster Rehab®
- Monster MAXX™
- Java Monster®
- Muscle Monster®
- Espresso Monster™
- Punch Monster®
- Juice Monster®
- Übermonster®
- Monster Hydro®
- Caffé Monster®
- Mutant® Super Soda
- Monster MULE™
- NOS®
- Full Throttle®
- Burn®
- Mother®
- Nalu®
- Ultra Energy®
- Play® and Power Play(stylized)®
- Relentless®
- BPM®
- BU®
- Gladiator®
- Samurai®
- Mutant®

Our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks represented 91.1% and 89.4% of our net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

We currently have three operating and reportable segments, (i) Monster Energy® Drinks segment (“Monster Energy® Drinks”), which is comprised of the Company’s Monster Energy® drinks and Mutant® Super Soda drinks, (ii) Strategic Brands segment (“Strategic Brands”), which is comprised of the various energy drink brands acquired from The Coca-Cola Company (“TCCC”) in 2015 and (iii) Other segment (“Other”), which is comprised of certain products sold by American Fruits and Flavors LLC (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) to independent third-party customers (the “AFF Third-Party Products”).

During the three-months ended June 30, 2018, we continued to expand our existing energy drink portfolio and further develop our distribution markets. During the three-months ended June 30, 2018, we introduced the following products:

- BPM® Zero (June 2018)
- Relentless® Apple Kiwi (June 2018)
- Monster MULE™ (June 2018) (limited distribution)
- Mutant® energy drinks (May 2018)

In the normal course of business, we discontinue certain products and/or product lines. Those products or product lines discontinued in the three-months ended June 30, 2018, either individually or in aggregate, did not have a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

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Our net sales of \$1.02 billion for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 represented record sales for our second fiscal quarter. The vast majority of our net sales are derived from our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks. Net sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks were \$925.0 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018. Net sales of our Strategic Brands were \$79.8 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018. Net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 were negatively impacted by approximately \$12.2 million as a result of the adoption of Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 606. Under ASC 606, commissions paid to TCCC, based on sales to certain of the Company’s TCCC bottlers/distributors that TCCC consolidates, or which TCCC accounts for under the equity method (the “TCCC Related Parties”), are included as a reduction to net sales. Prior to January 1, 2018, commissions based on sales to the TCCC Related Parties, were included in operating expenses.

Our Monster Energy® Drinks segment represented 91.5% and 89.9% of our consolidated net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Our Strategic Brands segment represented 7.9% and 9.4% of our consolidated net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Our Other segment represented 0.6% and 0.7% of our consolidated net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Net changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on net sales in the Monster Energy® Drinks segment of approximately \$15.5 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018. Net changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on net sales in the Strategic Brands segment of approximately \$1.3 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018.

Our sales and marketing strategy for all our beverages is to focus our efforts on developing brand awareness through image-enhancing programs and product sampling. We use our branded vehicles and other promotional vehicles at events where we offer samples of our products to consumers. We utilize “push-pull” methods to enhance shelf and display space exposure in sales outlets (including racks, coolers and barrel coolers), advertising, in-store promotions and in-store placement of point-of-sale materials to encourage demand from consumers for our products. We also support our brands with prize promotions, price promotions, competitions, endorsements from selected public and sports figures, sports personality endorsements, sampling and sponsorship of selected athletes, teams, series, bands, esports, causes and events. In-store posters, outdoor posters, print, radio and television advertising (directly and through our sponsorships and endorsements) and coupons may also be used to promote our brands.

We believe that one of the keys to success in the beverage industry is differentiation, making our brands and products visually appealing and distinctive from other beverages on the shelves of retailers. We review our products and packaging on an ongoing basis and, where practical, endeavor to make them different and unique. The labels and graphics for many of our products are redesigned from time to time to maximize their visibility and identification, wherever they may be placed in stores, which we continue to reevaluate from time to time.

Our growth strategy includes expanding our international business. Net sales to customers outside the United States amounted to \$293.8 million and \$247.9 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Such sales were approximately 29% and 27% of net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Net changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on net sales to customers outside the United States of approximately \$16.8 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018.

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Our customers are primarily full service beverage bottlers/distributors, retail grocery and specialty chains, wholesalers, club stores, mass merchandisers, convenience chains, food service customers and the military. Percentages of our gross sales to our various customer types for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are reflected below. Such information includes sales made by us directly to the customer types concerned, which include our full service beverage bottlers/distributors in the United States. Such full service beverage bottlers/distributors in turn sell certain of our products to some of the same customer types listed below. We limit our description of our customer types to include only our sales to our full service bottlers/distributors without reference to such bottlers'/distributors' sales to their own customers.

	Three-Months Ended June 30,		Six-Months Ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
U.S. full service bottlers/distributors	61%	62%	61%	63%
International full service bottlers/distributors	31%	29%	31%	28%
Club stores and mass merchandisers	7%	8%	6%	7%
Retail grocery, specialty chains and wholesalers	1%	1%	1%	1%
Other	0%	0%	1%	1%

Our customers include Coca-Cola Refreshments USA, Inc., Coca-Cola Refreshments Canada Company, Coca-Cola Bottling Company, CCBCC Operations, LLC, United Bottling Contracts Company, LLC, Reyes Coca-Cola Bottling, Great Lakes Coca-Cola Bottling, Coca-Cola Southwest Beverages LLC, Coca-Cola of Northern New England, Swire Coca-Cola, USA, Liberty Coca-Cola Beverages, Coca-Cola European Partners, Coca-Cola Hellenic, Coca-Cola FEMSA, Coca-Cola Amatil, Swire Coca-Cola group in China, COFCO Coca-Cola group in China, Coca-Cola Beverages Africa, Coca-Cola İçecek and certain other TCCC network bottlers, Asahi Soft Drinks, Co., Ltd., Kalil Bottling Group, Wal-Mart, Inc. (including Sam's Club), Costco Wholesale Corporation, Big Geyser, Inc. and select Anheuser-Busch distributors. A decision by any large customer to decrease amounts purchased from us or to cease carrying our products could have a material negative effect on our financial condition and consolidated results of operations.

TCCC, through certain consolidated subsidiaries (the "TCCC Subsidiaries"), accounted for approximately 4% and 17% of our net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The TCCC Subsidiaries accounted for approximately 4% and 25% of our net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. As part of TCCC's North America Refranchising initiative (the "North America Refranchising"), the territories of certain TCCC Subsidiaries have been transitioned to certain independent TCCC bottlers/distributors and/or TCCC Related Parties. Accordingly, our percentage of net sales to the TCCC Subsidiaries significantly decreased for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018.

CCBCC Operations, LLC accounted for approximately 13% of our net sales for both the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. CCBCC Operations, LLC accounted for approximately 13% and 12% of our net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Coca-Cola European Partners accounted for approximately 9% of the Company's net sales for both the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Coca-Cola European Partners accounted for approximately 10% and 9% of the Company's net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Reyes Coca-Cola Bottling accounted for approximately 12% and 5% of the Company's net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Reyes Coca-Cola Bottling accounted for approximately 13% and 4% of the Company's net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth key statistics for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

(In thousands, except per share amounts)	Three-Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Change 18 vs. 17	Six-Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Change 18 vs. 17
	2018	2017		2018	2017	
Net sales ¹	\$ 1,015,873	\$ 907,068	12.0%	\$ 1,866,793	\$ 1,649,214	13.2%
Cost of sales	395,615	323,571	22.3%	731,279	584,843	25.0%
Gross profit* ¹	620,258	583,497	6.3%	1,135,514	1,064,371	6.7%
Gross profit as a percentage of net sales ¹	61.1%	64.3%		60.8%	64.5%	
Operating expenses ²	262,637	233,456	12.5%	497,979	450,068	10.6%
Operating expenses as a percentage of net sales	25.9%	25.7%		26.7%	27.3%	
Operating income ^{1,2}	357,621	350,041	2.2%	637,535	614,303	3.8%
Operating income as a percentage of net sales	35.2%	38.6%		34.2%	37.2%	
Interest and other income (expense), net	476	(2,551)	(118.7%)	2,281	(1,893)	(220.5%)
Income before provision for income taxes ^{1,2}	358,097	347,490	3.1%	639,816	612,410	4.5%
Provision for income taxes	87,981	124,857	(29.5%)	153,651	211,797	(27.5%)
Income taxes as a percentage of income before taxes	24.6%	35.9%		24.0%	34.6%	
Net income ^{1,2}	\$ 270,116	\$ 222,633	21.3%	\$ 486,165	\$ 400,613	21.4%
Net income as a percentage of net sales	26.6%	24.5%		26.0%	24.3%	
Net income per common share:						
Basic	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.39	23.1%	\$ 0.86	\$ 0.71	22.3%
Diluted	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.39	23.8%	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.69	22.9%
Case sales (in thousands) (in 192-ounce case equivalents)	110,057	97,233	13.2%	202,372	177,225	14.2%

¹Includes \$11.0 million and \$10.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, related to the recognition of deferred revenue. Includes \$22.2 million and \$20.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, related to the recognition of deferred revenue.

²Includes \$5.5 million and \$0.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, of distributor termination costs. Includes \$12.5 million and \$20.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, of distributor termination costs.

*Gross profit may not be comparable to that of other entities since some entities include all costs associated with their distribution process in cost of sales, whereas others exclude certain costs and instead include such costs within another line item such as operating expenses. We include out-bound freight and warehouse costs in operating expenses rather than in cost of sales.

Results of Operations for the Three-Months Ended June 30, 2018 Compared to the Three-Months Ended June 30, 2017.

Net Sales. Net sales were \$1.02 billion for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$108.8 million, or 12.0% higher than net sales of \$907.1 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks were \$925.0 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$114.5 million, or 14.1% higher than net sales of \$810.5 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks increased partially due to increased sales by volume as a result of increased domestic and international consumer demand. Net sales of our Strategic Brands were \$79.8 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of \$5.8 million, or 6.8% lower than net sales of \$85.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales of our AFF Third-Party Products were \$6.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$0.4 million, or 7.3% higher than net sales of \$6.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. No other individual product line contributed either a material increase or decrease to our net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018.

Net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 were negatively impacted by approximately \$12.2 million as a result of the adoption of ASC 606. Under ASC 606, commissions paid to TCCC, based on sales to the TCCC Related Parties, are now included as a reduction to net sales. Prior to January 1, 2018, commissions based on sales to the TCCC Related Parties were included in operating expenses.

Net changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on net sales of approximately \$16.8 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018.

Case sales, in 192-ounce case equivalents, were 110.1 million cases for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately 12.8 million cases or 13.2% higher than case sales of 97.2 million cases for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. The overall average net sales per case (excluding net sales of AFF Third-Party Products of \$6.6 million and \$6.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, as these sales do not have unit case equivalents) decreased to \$9.17 for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, which was 1.0% lower than the average net sales per case of \$9.27 for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Without the adoption of ASC 606, the overall average net sales per case (excluding net sales of AFF Third-Party Products of \$6.6 million and \$6.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, as these sales do not have unit case equivalents) increased to \$9.28 for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, which was 0.2% higher than the average net sales per case of \$9.27 for the three-months ended June 30, 2017.

Net sales for the Monster Energy® Drinks segment were \$929.4 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$114.2 million, or 14.0% higher than net sales of \$815.3 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales for the Monster Energy® Drinks segment for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 were negatively impacted by approximately \$5.1 million as a result of the adoption of ASC 606.

Net sales for the Strategic Brands segment were \$79.8 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of approximately \$5.8 million, or 6.8% lower than net sales of \$85.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales for the Strategic Brands segment for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 were negatively impacted by approximately \$7.1 million as a result of the adoption of ASC 606.

Net sales for the Other segment were \$6.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$0.4 million, or 7.3% higher than net sales of \$6.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017.

Gross Profit. Gross profit was \$620.3 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$36.8 million, or 6.3% higher than the gross profit of \$583.5 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales decreased to 61.1% for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 from 64.3% for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in gross profit dollars was primarily the result of the \$114.5 million increase in net sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks for

the three-months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of net sales was primarily attributable to (i) increases in promotional allowances as a percentage of gross sales; (ii) the \$12.2 million of commissions accounted for as a reduction to net sales due to the adoption of ASC 606; (iii) increases in certain input costs such as aluminum cans and other costs; (iv) a change in domestic product sales mix (principally a higher percentage of sales of Java Monster®, Caffe Monster®, Espresso Monster™ and Monster Hydro® products); and (v) geographical sales mix as a result of our international sales increasing as a percentage of total net sales (our foreign operations generally have lower gross profit margins).

Operating Expenses. Total operating expenses were \$262.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$29.2 million, or 12.5% higher than total operating expenses of \$233.5 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to increased out-bound freight and warehouse costs of \$10.7 million, increased payroll expenses of \$9.0 million (of which \$2.1 million was related to an increase in stock-based compensation), increased expenditures of \$5.5 million for sponsorships and endorsements, and increased expenditures of \$5.3 million for costs associated with distributor terminations. Commissions included in operating expenses were \$4.7 million, a decrease of \$8.8 million, or 65.2% lower than commissions included in operating expenses of \$13.5 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Without the adoption of ASC 606, an additional \$12.2 million of commissions would have been included in operating expenses for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 (such commissions were included as a reduction to net sales).

Operating Income. Operating income was \$357.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$7.6 million, or 2.2% higher than operating income of \$350.0 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Operating income as a percentage of net sales decreased to 35.2% for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 from 38.6% for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Operating income was \$48.7 million and \$44.5 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, in connection with our operations in Africa, Asia, Australia, Europe, the Middle East and South America.

Operating income for the Monster Energy® Drinks segment was \$373.1 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$16.9 million, or 4.7% higher than operating income of \$356.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in operating income for the Monster Energy® Drinks segment was primarily the result of the \$114.5 million increase in net sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks for the three-months ended June 30, 2018.

Operating income for the Strategic Brands segment was \$50.8 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of approximately \$2.4 million, or 4.5% lower than operating income of \$53.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017.

Operating income for the Other segment was \$1.8 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$0.1 million, or 6.3% higher than operating income of \$1.7 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017.

Interest and Other Income (expense), net. Interest and other non-operating income (expense), net, was \$0.5 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, as compared to interest and other non-operating income (expense), net of (\$2.6) million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Foreign currency transaction (losses) were (\$1.9) million and (\$3.9) million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Interest income was \$2.7 million and \$1.4 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Provision for Income Taxes. Provision for income taxes was \$88.0 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of \$36.9 million, or 29.5% lower than the provision for income taxes of \$124.9 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. The effective combined federal, state and foreign tax rate decreased to 24.6% from 35.9% for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The

decrease in the effective tax rate was primarily due to the reduction in the U.S. federal statutory tax rate as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the “Tax Reform Act”) signed into law on December 22, 2017, before considering the potential impact of further clarification of certain matters related to the Tax Reform Act. The decrease in the provision for income taxes was partially offset by the elimination of the domestic production deduction under the Tax Reform Act.

The recorded impact of the Tax Reform Act is provisional and the final amount may differ, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in estimates, interpretations and assumptions we have made, changes in IRS interpretations, the issuance of new guidance, legislative actions, changes in accounting standards or related interpretations in response to the Tax Reform Act as well as any and future actions by certain states within the United States that have not currently adopted the Tax Reform Act.

Net Income. Net income was \$270.1 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$47.5 million, or 21.3% higher than net income of \$222.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in net income was primarily due to the \$36.8 million increase in gross profit and the \$36.9 million decrease in the provision for income taxes. The increase in net income was partially offset by the increase in operating expenses of \$29.2 million.

Results of Operations for the Six-Months Ended June 30, 2018 Compared to the Six-Months Ended June 30, 2017.

Net Sales. Net sales were \$1.87 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$217.6 million, or 13.2% higher than net sales of \$1.65 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks were \$1.70 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$225.3 million, or 15.2% higher than net sales of \$1.48 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks increased partially due to increased sales by volume as a result of increased domestic and international consumer demand. Net sales of our Strategic Brands were \$145.6 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of \$8.1 million, or 5.3% lower than net sales of \$153.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales of our AFF Third-Party Products were \$11.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of \$0.4 million, or 3.7% lower than net sales of \$11.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. No other individual product line contributed either a material increase or decrease to our net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018.

Net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 were negatively impacted by approximately \$22.2 million as a result of the adoption of ASC 606. Under ASC 606, commissions paid to TCCC, based on sales to the TCCC Related Parties, are now included as a reduction to net sales. Prior to January 1, 2018, commissions based on sales to the TCCC Related Parties were included in operating expenses.

Net changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on net sales of approximately \$34.5 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018.

Case sales, in 192-ounce case equivalents, were 202.4 million cases for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately 25.1 million cases or 14.2% higher than case sales of 177.2 million cases for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. The overall average net sales per case (excluding net sales of AFF Third-Party Products of \$11.3 million and \$11.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, as these sales do not have unit case equivalents) decreased to \$9.17 for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, which was 0.8% lower than the average net sales per case of \$9.24 for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Without the adoption of ASC 606, the overall average net sales per case (excluding net sales of AFF Third-Party Products of \$11.3 million and \$11.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, as these sales do not have unit case equivalents) increased to \$9.28 for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, which was 0.4% higher than the average net sales per case of \$9.24 for the six-months ended June 30, 2017.

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Net sales for the Monster Energy® Drinks segment were \$1.71 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$226.1 million, or 15.2% higher than net sales of \$1.48 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales for the Monster Energy® Drinks segment for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 were negatively impacted by approximately \$9.0 million as a result of the adoption of ASC 606.

Net sales for the Strategic Brands segment were \$145.6 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of approximately \$8.1 million, or 5.3% lower than net sales of \$153.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Net sales for the Strategic Brands segment for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 were negatively impacted by approximately \$13.2 million as a result of the adoption of ASC 606.

Net sales for the Other segment were \$11.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of approximately \$0.4 million, or 3.7% lower than net sales of \$11.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017.

Gross Profit. Gross profit was \$1.14 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$71.1 million, or 6.7% higher than the gross profit of \$1.06 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales decreased to 60.8% for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 from 64.5% for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in gross profit dollars was primarily the result of the \$225.3 million increase in net sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks for the six-months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of net sales was primarily attributable to (i) increases in promotional allowances as a percentage of gross sales; (ii) the \$22.2 million of commissions accounted for as a reduction to net sales due to the adoption of ASC 606; (iii) geographical sales mix, as a result of our international sales increasing as a percentage of total net sales (our foreign operations generally have lower gross profit margins); (iv) a change in domestic product sales mix (principally a higher percentage of sales of Java Monster®, Caffe Monster®, Espresso Monster™ and Monster Hydro® products); (v) increases in certain input costs, principally aluminum cans, freight in and other costs; and (vi) Monster Hydro® production issues in the U.S. and EMEA.

Operating Expenses. Total operating expenses were \$498.0 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$47.9 million, or 10.6% higher than total operating expenses of \$450.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to increased out-bound freight and warehouse costs of \$20.6 million, increased payroll expenses of \$17.8 million (of which \$2.4 million was related to an increase in stock-based compensation), increased expenditures of \$8.0 million for sponsorships and endorsements, increased expenditures of \$6.2 million for other marketing expenses, increased expenditures of \$4.6 million for merchandise displays and increased expenditures of \$3.7 million for allocated trade development. The increase in operating expenses was partially offset by the \$7.6 million decrease in costs associated with distributor terminations. Commissions included in operating expenses were \$8.3 million, or 62.5% lower than commissions included in operating expenses of \$22.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Without of the adoption of ASC 606, an additional \$22.2 million of commissions would have been included in operating expenses for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 (such commissions were included as a reduction to net sales).

Operating Income. Operating income was \$637.5 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$23.2 million, or 3.8% higher than operating income of \$614.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Operating income as a percentage of net sales decreased to 34.2% for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 from 37.2% for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Operating income was \$91.2 million and \$77.4 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, in connection with our operations in Africa, Asia, Australia, Europe, the Middle East and South America.

Operating income for the Monster Energy® Drinks segment was \$674.8 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$39.2 million, or 6.2% higher than operating income of \$635.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in operating income for the Monster Energy® Drinks segment was primarily the result of the \$225.3 million increase in net sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks for the six-months ended June 30, 2018.

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Operating income for the Strategic Brands segment was \$93.4 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of approximately \$1.9 million, or 2.0% lower than operating income of \$95.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017.

Operating income for the Other segment was \$2.8 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of approximately \$0.3 million, or 10.7% lower than operating income of \$3.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017.

Interest and Other Income (expense), net. Interest and other non-operating income (expense), net, was \$2.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, as compared to interest and other non-operating income (expense), net of (\$1.9) million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Foreign currency transaction (losses) were (\$3.3) million and (\$3.8) million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Interest income was \$5.7 million and \$2.2 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Provision for Income Taxes. Provision for income taxes was \$153.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of \$58.1 million, or 27.5% lower than the provision for income taxes of \$211.8 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. The effective combined federal, state and foreign tax rate decreased to 24.0% from 34.6% for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The decrease in the effective tax rate was primarily due to the reduction in the U.S. federal statutory tax rate as a result of the Tax Reform Act signed into law on December 22, 2017, before considering the potential impact of further clarification of certain matters related to the Tax Reform Act. The decrease in the provision for income taxes was partially offset by the elimination of the domestic production deduction under the Tax Reform Act as well as a decrease in the stock based compensation tax deduction.

The recorded impact of the Tax Reform Act is provisional and the final amount may differ, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in estimates, interpretations and assumptions we have made, changes in IRS interpretations, the issuance of new guidance, legislative actions, changes in accounting standards or related interpretations in response to the Tax Reform Act as well as any and future actions by certain states within the United States that have not currently adopted the Tax Reform Act.

Net Income. Net income was \$486.2 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$85.6 million, or 21.4% higher than net income of \$400.6 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in net income was primarily due to the \$71.1 million increase in gross profit and the \$58.1 million decrease in the provision for income taxes. The increase in net income was partially offset by the increase in operating expenses of \$47.9 million.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

*Gross Sales**.* Gross sales were \$1.19 billion for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$152.3 million, or 14.7% higher than gross sales of \$1.04 billion for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Gross sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks were \$1.08 billion for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$148.6 million, or 16.0% higher than gross sales of \$927.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Gross sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks increased partially due to increased sales by volume as a result of increased domestic and international consumer demand. Gross sales of our Strategic Brands were \$92.4 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$2.6 million, or 2.8% higher than gross sales of \$89.8 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Gross sales of our AFF Third-Party Products were \$6.6 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$0.4 million, or 7.3% higher than gross sales of \$6.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. No other individual product line contributed either a material increase or decrease to net sales for the three-months ended June 30, 2018. Promotional and other allowances, as described in the footnote

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below, were \$175.4 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$43.5 million, or 33.0% higher than promotional and other allowances of \$131.9 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Promotional and other allowances as a percentage of gross sales increased to 14.7% from 12.7% for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, partially due to commissions of \$12.2 million included in net sales related to the adoption of ASC 606 described above.

Net changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on gross sales in the Monster Energy® Drinks segment of approximately \$20.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018. Net changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on gross sales in the Strategic Brands segment of approximately \$1.3 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018.

*Gross Sales****.* Gross sales were \$2.18 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of approximately \$297.4 million, or 15.8% higher than gross sales of \$1.88 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Gross sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks were \$1.97 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$289.4 million, or 17.2% higher than gross sales of \$1.68 billion for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Gross sales of our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks increased partially due to increased sales by volume as a result of increased domestic and international consumer demand. Gross sales of our Strategic Brands were \$168.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$5.0 million, or 3.1% higher than gross sales of \$163.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Gross sales of our AFF Third-Party Products were \$11.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of \$0.4 million, or 3.7% lower than gross sales of \$11.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. No other individual product line contributed either a material increase or decrease to net sales for the six-months ended June 30, 2018. Promotional and other allowances, as described in the footnote below, were \$315.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$79.8 million, or 33.9% higher than promotional and other allowances of \$235.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. Promotional and other allowances as a percentage of gross sales increased to 14.4% from 12.5% for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, partially due to an increase in commissions of \$22.2 million included in net sales related to the adoption of ASC 606 described above.

Net changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on gross sales in the Monster Energy® Drinks segment of approximately \$40.0 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018. Net changes in foreign currency exchange rates had a favorable impact on gross sales in the Strategic Brands segment of approximately \$3.6 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018.

***Gross sales are used internally by management as an indicator of and to monitor operating performance, including sales performance of particular products, salesperson performance, product growth or declines and overall Company performance. The use of gross sales allows evaluation of sales performance before the effect of any promotional items, which can mask certain performance issues. We therefore believe that the presentation of gross sales provides a useful measure of our operating performance. The use of gross sales is not a measure that is recognized under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net sales, which is determined in accordance with GAAP, and should not be used alone as an indicator of operating performance in place of net sales. Additionally, gross sales may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies, as gross sales has been defined by our internal reporting practices. In addition, gross sales may not be realized in the form of cash receipts as promotional payments and allowances may be deducted from payments received from certain customers.*

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The following table reconciles the non-GAAP financial measure of gross sales with the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure of net sales:

(In thousands)	Three-Months Ended		Percentage Change	Six-Months Ended		Percentage Change
	June 30,			June 30,		
	2018	2017	18 vs. 17	2018	2017	18 vs. 17
Gross sales, net of discounts and returns	\$ 1,191,251	\$ 1,038,970	14.7%	\$ 2,181,890	\$ 1,884,518	15.8%
Less: Promotional and other allowances***	175,378	131,902	33.0%	315,097	235,304	33.9%
Net Sales	<u>\$ 1,015,873</u>	<u>\$ 907,068</u>	12.0%	<u>\$ 1,866,793</u>	<u>\$ 1,649,214</u>	13.2%

***Although the expenditures described in this line item are determined in accordance with GAAP and meet GAAP requirements, the presentation thereof does not conform with GAAP presentation requirements. Additionally, our definition of promotional and other allowances may not be comparable to similar items presented by other companies. Promotional and other allowances primarily include consideration given to the Company's bottlers/distributors or retail customers including, but not limited to the following: (i) discounts granted off list prices to support price promotions to end-consumers by retailers; (ii) reimbursements given to the Company's bottlers/distributors for agreed portions of their promotional spend with retailers, including slotting, shelf space allowances and other fees for both new and existing products; (iii) the Company's agreed share of fees given to bottlers/distributors and/or directly to retailers for advertising, in-store marketing and promotional activities; (iv) the Company's agreed share of slotting, shelf space allowances and other fees given directly to retailers; (v) incentives given to the Company's bottlers/distributors and/or retailers for achieving or exceeding certain predetermined sales goals; (vi) discounted or free products; (vii) contractual fees given to the Company's bottlers/distributors related to sales made by the Company direct to certain customers that fall within the bottlers'/distributors' sales territories; and (viii) commissions paid to our customers. The presentation of promotional and other allowances facilitates an evaluation of their impact on the determination of net sales and the spending levels incurred or correlated with such sales. Promotional and other allowances constitute a material portion of our marketing activities. The Company's promotional allowance programs with its numerous bottlers/distributors and/or retailers are executed through separate agreements in the ordinary course of business. These agreements generally provide for one or more of the arrangements described above and are of varying durations, ranging from one week to one year. The primary drivers of our promotional and other allowance activities for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were (i) to increase sales volume and trial, (ii) to address market conditions, and (iii) to secure shelf and display space at retail.

Sales

The table below discloses selected quarterly data regarding sales for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Data from any one or more quarters or periods is not necessarily indicative of annual results or continuing trends.

Sales of beverages are expressed in unit case volume. A "unit case" means a unit of measurement equal to 192 U.S. fluid ounces of finished beverage (24 eight-ounce servings). Unit case volume means the number of unit cases (or unit case equivalents) of finished products or concentrates as if converted into finished products sold by us.

Our quarterly results of operations reflect seasonal trends that are primarily the result of increased demand in the warmer months of the year. It has been our experience that beverage sales tend to be lower during the first and fourth quarters of each calendar year. However, our experience with our energy drink products suggests they may be less seasonal than the seasonality of traditional beverages. In addition, our continued growth internationally may further reduce the impact of seasonality on our business. Quarterly fluctuations may also be affected by other factors including the introduction of new products, the opening of new markets where temperature fluctuations are more pronounced, the addition of new bottlers, customers and distributors, changes in the sales mix of our products and changes in advertising and promotional expenses.

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(In thousands, except average net sales per case)	Three-Months Ended		Six-Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net sales ¹	\$ 1,015,873	\$ 907,068	\$ 1,866,793	\$ 1,649,214
Less: AFF third-party sales	(6,623)	(6,174)	(11,280)	(11,713)
Adjusted net sales ²	<u>\$ 1,009,250</u>	<u>\$ 900,894</u>	<u>\$ 1,855,513</u>	<u>\$ 1,637,501</u>
Case sales by segment:				
Monster Energy® Drinks	90,827	78,323	165,939	142,103
Strategic Brands	19,230	18,910	36,433	35,122
Other ²	-	-	-	-
Total case sales	<u>110,057</u>	<u>97,233</u>	<u>202,372</u>	<u>177,225</u>
Average net sales per case ³	<u>\$ 9.17</u>	<u>\$ 9.27</u>	<u>\$ 9.17</u>	<u>\$ 9.24</u>

¹Includes \$11.0 million and \$10.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, related to the recognition of deferred revenue. Includes \$22.2 million and \$20.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, related to the recognition of deferred revenue.

²Excludes Other segment net sales of \$6.6 million and \$6.2 million for the three-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, comprised of net sales of AFF Third-Party Products to independent third-party customers, as these sales do not have unit case equivalents. Excludes Other segment net sales of \$11.3 million and \$11.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, comprised of net sales of AFF Third-Party Products to independent third-party customers, as these sales do not have unit case equivalents.

³Without the adoption of ASC 606, the overall average net sales per case increased to \$9.28 for the three-months ended June 30, 2018, which was 0.2% higher than the average net sales per case of \$9.27 for the three-months ended June 30, 2017. Without the adoption of ASC 606, the overall average net sales per case increased to \$9.28 for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, which was 0.4% higher than the average net sales per case of \$9.24 for the six-months ended June 30, 2017.

See Item 2, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Our Business” for additional information related to the increase in sales.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash flows provided by operating activities. Cash provided by operating activities was \$501.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018, as compared with cash provided by operating activities of \$533.2 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017.

For the six-months ended June 30, 2018, cash provided by operating activities was primarily attributable to net income earned of \$486.2 million and adjustments for certain non-cash expenses, consisting of \$28.3 million of stock-based compensation and \$28.2 million of depreciation and other amortization. For the six-months ended June 30, 2018, cash provided by operating activities also increased due to a \$105.0 million decrease in prepaid income taxes, a \$43.2 million increase in accrued promotional allowances, a \$24.7 million increase in accounts payable, a \$8.0 million increase in income taxes payable and a \$5.8 million decrease in distributor receivables. For the six-months ended June 30, 2018, cash used in operating activities was primarily attributable to a \$154.4 million increase in accounts receivable, a \$22.8 million increase in inventories, a \$16.0 million increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets, a \$15.6 million decrease in accrued liabilities, a \$12.3 million decrease in deferred revenue and an \$8.4 million decrease in accrued compensation.

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For the six-months ended June 30, 2017, cash provided by operating activities was primarily attributable to net income earned of \$400.6 million and adjustments for certain non-cash expenses, consisting of \$26.0 million of stock-based compensation and \$22.8 million of depreciation and other amortization. For the six-months ended June 30, 2017, cash provided by operating activities also increased due to a \$125.0 million decrease in the TCCC Transaction receivables, a \$60.7 million decrease in prepaid income taxes, an \$8.8 million increase in accounts payable and a \$25.8 million increase in accrued promotional allowances. For the six-months ended June 30, 2017, cash used in operating activities was primarily attributable to a \$75.2 million increase in accounts receivable, a \$24.9 million increase in inventories, a \$8.1 million increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets, a \$7.9 million decrease in accrued distributor terminations, a \$7.1 million decrease in deferred revenue, a \$7.2 million decrease in accrued compensation and a \$5.4 million decrease in income taxes payable.

Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities. Cash provided by investing activities was \$426.2 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to cash used in investing activities of (\$154.7) million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017.

For both the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, cash used in investing activities was primarily attributable to purchases of available-for-sale investments. For both the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, cash provided by investing activities was primarily attributable to sales of available-for-sale investments. For both the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, cash used in investing activities also included the acquisitions of fixed assets consisting of vans and promotional vehicles, coolers and other equipment to support our marketing and promotional activities, production equipment, furniture and fixtures, office and computer equipment, computer software, equipment used for sales and administrative activities, certain leasehold improvements, as well as acquisitions of and/or improvements to real property. We expect to continue to use a portion of our cash in excess of our requirements for operations for purchasing short-term and long-term investments, leasehold improvements, the acquisition of capital equipment (specifically, vans, trucks and promotional vehicles, coolers, other promotional equipment, merchandise displays, warehousing racks as well as items of production equipment required to produce certain of our existing and/or new products and to develop our brand in international markets) and for other corporate purposes. From time to time, we may also use cash to purchase additional real property related to our beverage business and/or acquire compatible businesses.

Cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities. Cash used in financing activities was (\$792.5) million for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 as compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$17.5 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2017. The cash flows used in financing activities for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 was primarily the result of the repurchases of our common stock. The cash flows provided by financing activities for both the six-months ended June 30, 2018, and 2017 was primarily attributable to the issuance of our common stock under our stock-based compensation plans.

Purchases of inventories, increases in accounts receivable and other assets, acquisition of property and equipment (including real property, personal property and coolers), leasehold improvements, advances for or the purchase of equipment for our bottlers, acquisition and maintenance of trademarks, payments of accounts payable, income taxes payable and purchases of our common stock are expected to remain our principal recurring use of cash.

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term and long-term investments. At June 30, 2018, we had \$659.7 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$211.1 million in short-term investments. We have historically invested these amounts in U.S. Treasury bills, U.S. government agency securities and municipal securities, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, variable rate demand notes and money market funds meeting certain criteria. We maintain our investments for cash management purposes and not for purposes of speculation. Our risk management policies emphasize credit quality (primarily based on short-term ratings by nationally recognized statistical organizations) in selecting and maintaining our investments. We regularly assess market risk of our investments and believe our current policies and investment practices adequately limit those risks. However, certain of these investments are subject to general credit, liquidity, market and interest rate risks. These market risks associated with our investment portfolio may have an adverse effect on our future results of operations, liquidity and financial condition.

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Of our \$659.7 million of cash and cash equivalents held at June 30, 2018, \$285.1 million was held by our foreign subsidiaries. No short-term or long-term investments were held by our foreign subsidiaries at June 30, 2018. We do not currently intend, nor do we foresee a need, to repatriate undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries other than to repay certain intercompany debt owed to our U.S. operations.

We believe that cash available from operations, including our cash resources and access to credit, will be sufficient for our working capital needs, including purchase commitments for raw materials and inventory, increases in accounts receivable, payments of tax liabilities, expansion and development needs, purchases of capital assets, purchases of equipment and properties, and purchases of shares of our common stock, through at least the next 12 months. Based on our current plans, at this time we estimate that capital expenditures are likely to be less than \$100.0 million through June 30, 2019. However, future business opportunities may cause a change in this estimate.

The following represents a summary of the Company's contractual commitments and related scheduled maturities as of June 30, 2018:

Obligations	Payments due by period (in thousands)				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Contractual Obligations ¹	\$ 154,220	\$ 88,773	\$ 63,780	\$ 1,667	\$ -
Capital Leases	940	940	-	-	-
Operating Leases	16,286	2,756	3,665	2,899	6,966
Purchase Commitments ²	50,014	50,014	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 221,460</u>	<u>\$ 142,483</u>	<u>\$ 67,445</u>	<u>\$ 4,566</u>	<u>\$ 6,966</u>

¹Contractual obligations include our obligations related to sponsorships and other commitments.

²Purchase commitments include obligations made by us and our subsidiaries to various suppliers for raw materials used in the production of our products. These obligations vary in terms, but are generally satisfied within one year.

In addition, approximately \$5.3 million of unrecognized tax benefits have been recorded as liabilities as of June 30, 2018. It is expected that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits will not significantly change within the next 12 months. As of June 30, 2018, we had \$1.0 million of accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits.

Critical Accounting Policies

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies from the information provided in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 ("Form 10-K").

Cost of Sales — Cost of sales consists of the costs of concentrates and/or beverage bases, the costs of raw materials utilized in the manufacture of products, co-packing fees, repacking fees, in-bound freight charges, as well as certain internal transfer costs, warehouse expenses incurred prior to the manufacture of the Company's finished products and certain quality control costs. In addition, the Company includes in costs of sales, certain costs such as depreciation, amortization and payroll costs that relate to the direct manufacture by the Company of certain flavors. Raw materials account for the largest portion of the cost of sales. Raw materials include cans, bottles, other containers, flavors, ingredients and packaging materials.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

In February 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2018-02, “Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)”, which amends the previous guidance to allow for certain tax effects “stranded” in accumulated other comprehensive income, which are impacted by the Tax Reform Act, to be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into retained earnings. This amendment pertains only to those items impacted by the new tax law and will not apply to any future tax effects stranded in accumulated other comprehensive income. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and allows for early adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2018-02 on its financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, “Intangibles and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment”, which eliminates the requirement to calculate the implied fair value of goodwill, but rather requires an entity to record an impairment charge based on the excess of a reporting unit’s carrying value over its fair value. This amendment is effective for annual or interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2017-04 on its financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, “Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments”. The accounting standard changes the methodology for measuring credit losses on financial instruments and the timing when such losses are recorded. ASU No. 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2016-13 on its financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, “Leases (Topic 842)”. This update is intended to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. This update is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU No. 2016-02 on its financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

In May 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2017-09, “Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting,” clarifying when a change to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award must be accounted for as a modification. The new guidance requires modification accounting if the fair value, vesting condition or the classification of the award is not the same immediately before and after a change to the terms and conditions of the award. The new guidance was effective for the Company on a prospective basis beginning on January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of ASU No. 2017-09 did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, “Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business”, which clarifies the definition of a business with the objective of adding guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. This amendment was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of ASU No. 2017-01 did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

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In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-16, “Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory”, in an effort to improve the accounting for the income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory. Current GAAP prohibits the recognition of current and deferred income taxes for an intra-entity asset transfer until the asset has been sold to an outside party. FASB ASU No. 2016-16 establishes the requirement that an entity recognizes the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs. ASU No. 2016-16 was effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and interim periods within those annual periods. The Company adopted ASU No. 2016-16 effective January 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis, resulting in a \$6.6 million reclassification of the unrecognized income tax effects related to assets transfers that occurred prior to the adoption from deferred income taxes to opening retained earnings.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, “Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)”. The new guidance is intended to reduce diversity in practice in how certain transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows. ASU No. 2016-15 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, provided that all of the amendments are adopted in the same period. The guidance requires application using a retrospective transition method. The adoption of ASU No. 2016-15 did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)”, which superseded previous revenue recognition guidance. ASU No. 2014-09 and its amendments were included in Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 606 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers”. ASC 606 requires that a company recognize revenue at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Company adopted ASC 606 effective January 1, 2018, using the modified retrospective approach, with no impact to the opening retained earnings. Results for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 are presented under ASC 606, while prior periods are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with the prior accounting guidance under ASC 605 “Revenue Recognition”.

Inflation

We believe inflation did not have a significant impact on our results of operations for the periods presented.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements made in this report may constitute forward-looking statements (within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) (the “Exchange Act”) regarding the expectations of management with respect to revenues, profitability, adequacy of funds from operations and our existing credit facility, among other things. All statements containing a projection of revenues, income (loss), earnings (loss) per share, capital expenditures, dividends, capital structure or other financial items, a statement of management’s plans and objectives for future operations, or a statement of future economic performance contained in management’s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations, including statements related to new products, volume growth and statements encompassing general optimism about future operating results and non-historical information, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Act. Without limiting the foregoing, the words “believes,” “thinks,” “anticipates,” “plans,” “expects,” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

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Management cautions that these statements are qualified by their terms and/or important factors, many of which are outside our control, and involve a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors, that could cause actual results and events to differ materially from the statements made including, but not limited to, the following:

- Our ability to recognize any and/or all of the benefits from the TCCC transaction and the AFF Transaction;
- The effect of our extensive commercial arrangements with TCCC on our future performance;
- The effect of TCCC becoming one of our significant shareholders and the potential divergence of TCCC's interests from those of our other shareholders;
- The effect of TCCC's refranchising initiative to transition from a TCCC owned system to an independent bottling system, including our ability to maintain relationships with the bottlers/distributors and manage their ongoing commitment to focus on our products;
- Our ability to successfully enter into new distribution agreements with bottlers/distributors within the TCCC distribution system for new international territories;
- The potential slowing of and/or decline in the sales growth rates of the energy drink category and/or the U.S. convenience store market generally;
- Disruption in distribution or sales and/or decline in sales due to the termination and/or appointment of existing and/or new domestic and/or international distributors;
- Lack of anticipated demand for our products in domestic and/or international markets;
- Fluctuations in the inventory levels of our bottlers/distributors, planned or otherwise, and the resultant impact on our revenues;
- Unfavorable regulations, including taxation requirements, product registration requirements, tariffs, trade restrictions, container size limitations and/or ingredient restrictions;
- The effect of inquiries from, and/or actions by, state attorneys general, the Federal Trade Commission (the "FTC"), the Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA"), municipalities, city attorneys, other government agencies, quasi-government agencies and/or government officials (including members of Congress), into the advertising, marketing, promotion, ingredients, sale and/or consumption of our energy drink products, including voluntary and/or required changes to our business practices;
- Our ability to comply with regulations and evolving industry standards regarding consumer privacy and data use and security, including with respect to the General Data Protection Regulation approved by the European Union;
- Our ability to achieve profitability from certain of our operations outside the United States;
- Our ability to manage legal and regulatory requirements in foreign jurisdictions, potential difficulties in staffing and managing foreign operations and potentially higher incidence of fraud or corruption and credit risk of foreign customers and/or distributors;
- Our ability to produce our products in international markets in which they are sold, thereby reducing freight costs and/or product damages;
- Our ability to effectively manage our inventories and/or our accounts receivables;
- Our foreign currency exchange rate risk with respect to our sales, expenses, profits, assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, which will continue to increase as foreign sales increase;
- Changes in accounting standards may affect our reported profitability;
- Any proceedings which may be brought against us by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), the FDA, the FTC or other governmental agencies or bodies;
- The outcome and/or possibility of future shareholder derivative actions or shareholder securities litigation filed against us and/or against certain of our officers and directors, and the possibility of other private shareholder litigation;
- The outcome of product liability litigation and/or class action litigation regarding the safety of our products and/or the ingredients in and/or claims made in connection with our products and/or alleging false advertising, marketing and/or promotion, and the possibility of future product liability and/or class action lawsuits;
- The outcome of any other litigation;
- Unfavorable resolution of tax matters;
- Uncertainty and volatility in the domestic and global economies;
- Our ability to address any significant deficiencies or material weakness in our internal controls over financial reporting;
- Our ability to continue to generate sufficient cash flows to support our expansion plans and general operating activities;

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- Decreased demand for our products resulting from changes in consumer preferences, obesity and other perceived health concerns, including concerns relating to certain ingredients in our products or packaging, product safety concerns and/or from decreased consumer discretionary spending power;
- Changes in demand that are weather related and/or for other reasons, including changes in product category consumption;
- The impact on our business of competitive products and pricing pressures and our ability to gain or maintain our share of sales in the marketplace as a result of actions by competitors;
- Our ability to introduce new products;
- An inability to achieve volume growth through product and packaging initiatives;
- Our ability to sustain the current level of sales and/or achieve growth for our Monster Energy® brand energy drinks and/or our other products, including the Strategic Brands acquired from TCCC;
- The impact of criticism of our energy drink products and/or the energy drink market generally and/or legislation enacted (whether as a result of such criticism or otherwise) that restricts the sale of energy drinks (including prohibiting the sale of energy drinks at certain establishments or pursuant to certain governmental programs), limit caffeine content in beverages, require certain product labeling disclosures and/or warnings, impose excise and/or sales taxes, limit product sizes and/or impose age restrictions for the sale of energy drinks;
- Our ability to comply with and/or resulting lower consumer demand for energy drinks due to proposed and/or future U.S. federal, state and local laws and regulations and/or proposed or existing laws and regulations in certain foreign jurisdictions and/or any changes therein, including changes in taxation requirements (including tax rate changes, new tax laws, new and/or increased excise, sales and/or other taxes on our products and revised tax law interpretations) and environmental laws, as well as the Federal Food Drug & Cosmetic Act, as amended by the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act, and regulations made thereunder or in connection therewith, as well as changes in any other food, drug or similar laws in the United States and internationally, especially those that may restrict the sale of energy drinks (including prohibiting the sale of energy drinks at certain establishments or pursuant to certain governmental programs), limit caffeine content in beverages, require certain product labeling disclosures and/or warnings, impose excise taxes, impose sugar taxes, limit product sizes, or impose age restrictions for the sale of energy drinks, as well as laws and regulations or rules made or enforced by the FDA, the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and Explosives and/or the FTC;
- Our ability to satisfy all criteria set forth in any model energy drink guidelines, including, without limitation, those adopted by the American Beverage Association, of which the Company is a member, and/or any international beverage association and the impact on the Company of such guidelines;
- Disruptions in the timely import or export of our products and/or ingredients due to port strikes and related labor issues;
- The effect of unfavorable or adverse public relations, press, articles, comments and/or media attention;
- Changes in the cost, quality and availability of containers, packaging materials, aluminum, the Midwest and other premiums, raw materials and other ingredients and juice concentrates, and our ability to obtain and/or maintain favorable supply arrangements and relationships and procure timely and/or sufficient production of all or any of our products to meet customer demand;
- Any shortages that may be experienced in the procurement of containers and/or other raw materials including, without limitation, the PET containers used for our Monster Hydro® energy drinks;
- The impact of corporate activity among the limited number of suppliers from whom we purchase certain raw materials on our cost of sales;
- Our ability to pass on to our customers all or a portion of any increases in the costs of raw materials, ingredients, commodities and/or other cost inputs affecting our business;
- Our ability to achieve both internal domestic and international forecasts, which may be based on projected volumes and sales of many product types and/or new products, certain of which are more profitable than others; there can be no assurance that we will achieve projected levels of sales as well as forecasted product and/or geographic mixes;
- Our ability to penetrate new domestic and/or international markets and/or gain approval or mitigate the delay in securing approval for the sale of our products in various countries;

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- Economic or political instability in one or more of our international markets;
- The effectiveness of sales and/or marketing efforts by us and/or by the full service bottlers/distributors of our products, most of whom distribute products that may be regarded as competitive with our products;
- Unilateral decisions by full service bottlers/distributors, convenience chains, grocery chains, mass merchandisers, specialty chain stores, club stores and other customers to discontinue carrying all or any of our products that they are carrying at any time, restrict the range of our products they carry and/or devote less resources to the sale of our products;
- The effects of retailer consolidation on our business;
- The costs and/or effectiveness, now or in the future, of our advertising, marketing and promotional strategies;
- The success of our sports marketing endeavors both domestically and internationally;
- Unforeseen economic and political changes and local or international catastrophic events;
- Possible recalls of our products and/or defective production;
- Our ability to make suitable arrangements for the co-packing of any of our products both domestically and internationally, the timely replacement of discontinued co-packing arrangements and/or limitations on co-packing availability, including for retort production;
- Our ability to make suitable arrangements for the timely procurement of non-defective raw materials;
- Our inability to protect and/or the loss of our intellectual property rights and/or our inability to use our trademarks, trade names or designs and/or trade dress in certain countries;
- Volatility of stock prices which may restrict stock sales, stock purchases or other opportunities;
- Provisions in our organizational documents and/or control by insiders which may prevent changes in control even if such changes would be beneficial to other stockholders;
- The failure of our bottlers and/or contract packers to manufacture our products on a timely basis or at all;
- Exposure to significant liabilities due to litigation, legal or regulatory proceedings;
- Any disruption in and/or lack of effectiveness of our information technology systems, including a breach of cyber security, that disrupts our business or negatively impacts customer relationships; and
- Recruitment and retention of senior management, other key employees and our employee base in general.

The foregoing list of important factors and other risks detailed from time to time in our reports filed with the SEC is not exhaustive. See the section entitled “Risk Factors” in our Form 10-K for a more complete discussion of these risks and uncertainties and for other risks and uncertainties. Those factors and the other risk factors described therein are not necessarily all of the important factors that could cause actual results or developments to differ materially from those expressed in any of our forward-looking statements. Other unknown or unpredictable factors also could harm our results. Consequently, our actual results could be materially different from the results described or anticipated by our forward-looking statements, due to the inherent uncertainty of estimates, forecasts and projections and may be better or worse than anticipated. Given these uncertainties, you should not rely on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements represent our estimates and assumptions only as of the date that they were made. We expressly disclaim any duty to provide updates to forward-looking statements, and the estimates and assumptions associated with them, after the date of this report, in order to reflect changes in circumstances or expectations or the occurrence of unanticipated events except to the extent required by applicable securities laws.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in our market risk during the three-months ended June 30, 2018 compared with the disclosures in Part II, Item 7A of our Form 10-K.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures – Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13(a)-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are adequate and effective to ensure that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in rules and forms of the SEC and (2) accumulated and communicated to our management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting — There were no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2018, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies: Legal Proceedings in Part I, Item 1, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our risk factors are discussed in our Form 10-K. There have been no material changes with respect to the risk factors disclosed in our Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

On February 27, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program for the purchase of up to \$250.0 million of the Company's outstanding common stock (the "February 2018 Repurchase Program"). During the three-months ended June 30, 2018, the Company purchased 5.0 million shares of common stock at an average purchase price of \$49.81 per share, for a total amount of \$249.9 million (excluding broker commissions), under the February 2018 Repurchase Program, which exhausted the availability under the February 2018 Repurchase Program.

On May 29, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program for the purchase of up to \$500.0 million of the Company's outstanding common stock (the "May 2018 Repurchase Program"). During the three-months ended June 30, 2018, the Company purchased 5.5 million shares of common stock at an average purchase price of \$54.78 per share, for a total amount of \$303.2 million (excluding broker commissions), under the May 2018 Repurchase Program. As of August 9, 2018, \$196.7 million remained available for repurchase under the May 2018 Repurchase Program.

On August 7, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a new repurchase program for the repurchase of up to an additional \$500.0 million of the Company's outstanding common stock (the "August 2018 Repurchase Program"). As of August 9, 2018, \$500.0 million remained available for repurchase under the August 2018 Repurchase Program.

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The following tabular summary reflects the Company's repurchase activity during the quarter ended June 30, 2018:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price per Share ¹	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (In thousands) ²
Apr 1 - Apr 30	-	\$ -	-	\$ 250,000
May 1 - May 28	5,017,554	\$ 49.81	5,017,554	\$ -
May 29, 2018 Authorization				\$ 500,000
May 29 - May 31	-	\$ -	-	\$ 500,000
Jun 1 - Jun 30	5,535,936	\$ 54.78	5,535,936	\$ 196,670
Total	10,553,490	\$ 52.42	10,553,490	

¹Excluding broker commissions paid.

²Net of broker commissions paid.

During the three-months ended June 30, 2018, 504 shares were purchased from employees in lieu of cash payments for options exercised or withholding taxes due, for a total amount of \$0.03 million. While such purchases are considered common stock repurchases, they are not counted as purchases against the Company's authorized share repurchase programs.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

31.1* [Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)

31.2* [Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)

32.1* [Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)

32.2* [Certification by Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)

101* The following financial information from Monster Beverage Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2018, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six-months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and (v) the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

* Filed herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MONSTER BEVERAGE CORPORATION
Registrant

Date: August 9, 2018

/s/ RODNEY C. SACKS
Rodney C. Sacks
Chairman of the Board of Directors
and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(a) OR 15D-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Rodney Sacks, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Monster Beverage Corporation;
 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
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5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
- a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2018

/s/Rodney C. Sacks
Rodney C. Sacks
Chairman of the Board of Directors
and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(a) OR 15D-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Hilton Schlosberg, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Monster Beverage Corporation;
 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
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5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
- a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2018

/s/ Hilton H. Schlosberg
Hilton H. Schlosberg
Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors,
President, Chief Operating Officer, Chief
Financial Officer and Secretary

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Monster Beverage Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2018 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), the undersigned, Rodney C. Sacks, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 9, 2018

/s/ Rodney C. Sacks

Rodney C. Sacks
Chairman of the Board of Directors
and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Monster Beverage Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2018 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), the undersigned, Hilton H. Schlosberg, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, President, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company, certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 9, 2018

/s/ Hilton H. Schlosberg

Hilton H. Schlosberg
Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors,
President, Chief Operating Officer, Chief
Financial Officer and Secretary
